

B.A. HONOURS COURSE IN SOCIOLOGY : 2004-05

General Information for students :

1. The Course of study for the B.A. (Honours) Examination will extend over a period of three years as an integrated course.
2. The students will be eligible to offer the course after successful completion of the 10+2 scheme with 48% marks in aggregate.
3. The admission to Honours course will be limited to 20 students.
4. For a pass at the B.A. Honours Course the prevailing University rules will apply. Division will be awarded at the end of the Third Year examination.
5. Students in the Honours course will be required to take an optional (elective) subject from the available subjects alongwith Compulsory subject (General Hindi or General English) at First Year level.
6. The B.A. Honours Course in Sociology will have 12 papers in three years i.e. four papers in each year. Each paper will be of 100 marks and duration of each paper will be three hours. The papers will be divided into three sections. Section

A will have 10 (Two from each unit) questions of one mark each and the word limit will be 20 words. Section B will have 10 questions divided in 5 units. Students will have to attempt 5 questions. The word limit will be 250 words and each question will carry 10 marks. Section C will carry 4 questions out of which students will have to attempt any two. The word limit will be 500 words and each question will be of 20 marks.

Scheme for B.A. Honours in Sociology

FIRST YEAR HONOURS IN SOCIOLOGY 2004-05

- Paper-I : Introduction to Sociology
Paper-II : Society in India : Structure and Change
Paper-III : Sociology of Crime and Deviance
Paper-IV : Kinship, Marriage and Family

SECOND YEAR HONOURS IN SOCIOLOGY 2005-06

- Paper-I : Social Research Methods
Paper-II : Issues and Problems in Indian Society
Paper-III : Population and Society
Paper-IV : Industrial Sociology

THIRD YEAR HONOURS IN SOCIOLOGY 2006-07

- Paper-I : Foundation of Sociological Thought
Paper-II : Social Change
Paper-III : Rural Sociology
Paper-IV : Social Anthropology

B.A. HONOURS (SOCIOLOGY)

FIRST YEAR - 2004-05

There will be FOUR Theory papers of 100 Marks each.

- Paper-I : Introduction to Sociology
Paper-II : Society in India : Structure and Change
Paper-III : Sociology of Crime and Deviance
Paper-IV : Kinship, Marriage and Family

Detailed contents of papers :-

PAPER - I INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

M.M 100

UNIT-A

Sociology and Sociological Perspective :

Sociology : Meaning and Subject Matter. The Sociological Perspective, Relationship between Sociology and other Social Sciences. Sociological Methods : Historical and Functional.

UNIT-B

Basic Concepts :

Society, Community, Institution, Association, Culture.

UNIT-C

Basic Concepts :

Social Structure : concept and characteristics, Social Group : concept and types, Status and Role : concept and types, Norms and Values : concept, classification of social norms.

UNIT-D

The Individual and Society :

Socialization : concept, stages, agencies and theories.

Social Control : concept, forms and agencies.

Social Stratification : concept, characteristics and bases.

UNIT-E

Social Change :

Concept and Factors

Theories of Social Change : Ogburn, Sorokin and Veblen.

Concept : Evolution, Revolution, Progress and Development

Essential Readings :

Bottomore, T.B. 1972 Sociology: A guide to problems and literature. Bombay: George Allen and Unwin (India) .

Harlambos, M. 1998. Sociology : Themes and Perspectives. New Delhi : Oxford University Press.

Inkeles, Alex. 1987. What is Sociology? New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.

Jayaram N. 1988. Introductory Sociology. Madras: Macmillan India.

J.P. Singh 1999. Sociology: Concept and Theories, New Delhi : Prentice Hall of India.

Johnson, Harry M. 1995. Sociology : A systematic introduction. New Delhi : Allied Publishers.

Schaefer, Richard T. and Robert P.Lamm. 1999 Sociology. New Delhi : Tata McGraw Hill.

B.K. Nagla and S.B. Singh : Introduction Sociology. New Delhi : NCERT 2002 (Both in English & Hindi language).

N.K. Singhi and V. Goshwami, Samaj Shrastra Vivechan (In Hindi) Jaipur, Raj. Hindi Granth Academi, 2000 (Rev. Edition).

Doshi, S.L. and Jain P.C. Samajshastra Ki Nai Disayen (in Hindi), Jaipur : National Pub. 2002

Pedagogy :

While introducing sociology as a social science emphasis should be laid on the distinctiveness of its perspective rather than on its substantive themes of study.

For effective teaching and meaningful learning, illustrations may be drawn from relevant empirical studies.

Through out the course, conscious effort should be made to drive home the relevance and significance of sociology for understanding society and in attempting to solve its problems.

PAPER-II
SOCIETY IN INDIA : STRUCTURE AND CHANGE

M.M. 100

UNIT-A

The Textual and the Field Views of Indian Society :
Textual Views - G.S. Ghurye, Radha Kamal Mukherjee
and Louis Dumont.

Field Views - M.N. Srinivas, S.C. Dube and K.M.
Kapadia.

UNIT-B

The Structure and Composition of Indian Society :
Villages, Towns, Cities. Weaker Sections : Scheduled
Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Women and Minorities.

UNIT-C

Cultural and Ethnic Diversity : Unity in Diversity,
Cultural Diversities : Regional, Linguistic and
Religious. Population Profile and Related Issues.

UNIT-D

Basic Institutions of Indian Society: Caste, Family,
Hindu Marriage, Changing Dimensions.

Kinship : Concept, Categories and Behaviour.

UNIT-E

Processes of Social Change : Sanskritization,
Westernization, Urbanization, Modernization and
Globalization.

Essential Readings :

- Bose, N.K. 1967 : Culture and Society in India. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- Bose, N.K. 1975 : Structure of Hindu Society. New Delhi
- Dube, S.C. 1990 : Society in India, New Delhi : National Book Trust
- Dube, S.C. 1995 : Indian Village, London : Routledge.
- Dube, S.C. 1958 : India's Changing Villages, London : Routledge and Kegan Paul.
- Karve, Irawati, 1961 : Hindu Society : An Interpretation, Poona:Deccan College.
- Mandelbaum, D.G. 1970 : Society in India, Bombay : Popular Prakashan.
- Srinivas, M.N. 1980 : India : Social Structure, New Delhi : Hindustan Publishing Corporation.
- Srinivas, M.N. 1963 : Social Change in Modern India. California Berkeley: University of California Press.
- Singh, Yogendra 1973 : Modernization of Indian Tradition, Delhi: Thomson Press.
- Uberoi, Patricia, 1993 : Family, Kinship and Marriage in India, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

- Ahuja, Ram : Indian Social System, Jaipur : Rawat Prakashan, 1998.
- Sharma, K.L. : Indian Society (in Hindi & English both), NCERT, New Delhi : 1998
- Srinivas, M.N., Field and Field Worker (ed.) A.M. Shah's latest edition.
- राम, आहुजा, 2000 : भारतीय सामाजिक संस्थाएँ, रावत पब्लिकेशन, जयपुर.
- मोतीलाल, गुप्ता : भारतीय सामाजिक संस्थाएँ, राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रन्थ अकादमी, जयपुर-19.

Pedagogy :

The use of audio – visual media should be a necessary and important component of instruction.

The participation and involvement of students should be ensured through formal and informal discussions in the class room and field visits. They should be encouraged to write short essays on the local situation and local issues under the guidance of the teacher.

Wherever possible, illustrations should be drawn from the local situation.

PAPER-III
SOCIOLOGY OF CRIME AND DEVIANCE

M.M. 100

UNIT-A

Crime : Concept and Causes. Social Deviance : Concept and Forms. Delinquency : Concept and Causes.

UNIT-B

Nature and Types of Crime : Organised Crime, White Collar Crime, Professional Crime, Political Crime and Crime Against Women.

UNIT-C

Sociological Theories of Crime.

Deviance in Indian Society : Prostitution, Corruption.

Social-Political Violence.

UNIT-D

Punishment :Concept and Forms.

Theories of Punishment - Retributive, Deterrent, Reformative, Futility and Cost of Punishment.

UNIT-E

Forms and Preventive Measures: Collective Crime-Gangs, Terrorism, Communal Riots.

Criminal Reforms: Probation and Parole.

Role of Police in Crime Prevention.

Essential Readings:

Ahuja, Ram, 2002 : Aparadhshastra (Hindi), Rawat Publication, Jaipur.

Ahuja, Ram, 2002 : Criminology, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.

Bedi, Kiran, 1998 : It is Always Possible, New Delhi Sterling Publications Pvt.Ltd.

Gill, S.S. 1998 : The Pathology of Corruption , New Delhi : Harper Collins Publishers (India).

Goel, Rakesh M. and Manohar S. Powat, 1994 : Computer Crime Concept, Control and Prevention. Bombay Sysman Computers Pvt.Ltd.

Lilly, J Robert, Francis T Wallen and Richard Ball A 1995 Criminological Theory, Context and Consequences, New Delhi Sage Publications.

Makkar,S.P. Singh and Paul C Friday 1993 Global Perspectives in Criminology Jalandhar : ABC Publications.

Ministry of Home Affairs, 1998 Crime in India , New Delhi Government of India.

Reid, Suetitus 1976 Crime and Criminology Illinayse Deydan Press.

Shankardas, Rani Dhavan 2000 Punishment and the Prison India and International Perspective, New Delhi Sage Publications.

Siddique, Ahmad, 1997 : Criminology : Problems and Perspectives, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.

Sutherland Edwin H and Donald R Cressey. 1968 Principles of Criminology. Bombay The Times of India Press.

Walklete Sandra 1998 : Understanding Criminology Philadelphia : Open University Press.

Williams Frank P. and Marilym D. Meshare 1998 : Criminological Theory. New Jersey. Prentice Hall.

Williamsan, Harald E 1990 : The Correction Profession, New Delhi Sage Publications.

Reference

Bequai August 1978 : Computer Crime, Toronto Lesington Books.

Buckland John 1992 : Combating Computer Crime, Prevention Detection and Investigation, New Delhi Me Graw Hill

Drapkin Ismail and Viano Emilio 1975 : Victimology A New focus London, Lesington Press

Hallman Taryl A. 1950 : The Economics of Crime , New York St Martins Press.

Inciarti James A and Pottieger Anne E 1978 : Violent Crime: Historical and Contemporary Issues London Sage Publications.

Ministry of Home Affairs. Report of the All India Committee on Jail Reforms 1980-83 : New Delhi, Government of India.

Pace, Denay F. 1991 : Concept of Vice , Narcotics and Organised Crime. London, Prentice - Hall

Revid, Jorathan 1995 : Economic Crime, London Kegan Paul.

Ryan Patrick J and George Rush 1997 : Understanding Organized Crime in Global Pespective London Sage Publications.

Weisburd Dand and Kip Schlegal 1990 : White Collar Crime Reconsidered, Boston: Northeastern University Press

PAPER-IV
KINSHIP, MARRIAGE AND FAMILY

MM.100

Unit - A

Basic Concepts : Incest, Affiliation, Consanguinity, Affinity, Clan, Lineage, Kindered.

Kinship and Descent: Unilineal, Double and Cognatic Descent.

Complimentary Filiation.

Unit - B

Kinship Terminology. The Genealogical Method.
Kinship Organization in India : Regional Variations.

Unit - C

Rules of Marriage : Endogamy, Exogamy, Monogamy, Polygamy, Levirate and Sororate, Hypogamy and Hypergamy.

Unit - D

Marriage Transaction: Dowry and Bride Price.

Changing Patterns of Marriage among Hindu, Muslim and Christian.

Unit - E

Family Structure and Composition. Changes in Family in India. Family and Gender Issues.

Essential Readings :

Dube, Leela 1997 : Women and Kinship : Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and South East Asia. New Delhi : Sage Publications.

Fox, Robin, 1967 : Kinship and Marriage : An Anthropological Perspective. Harmondsworth Penguin.

International Encyclopedia of Social Science, 1968.

Karve, Iravati 1965 : Kinship Organization in India, Asia Publishing House, Mumbai.

Keesing R.M. 1975 : Kin Groups and Social Structure: New York : Holt Rinehart and Winston.

Kapadia, K.M. 1968 : Marriage and Family in India (in Hindi also), Oxford University Press, London.

Jain, Shobita, 2002 : Family, Marriage and Kinship in India (in Hindi), Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Radcliffe Brown, A.R. and Daryll Forde (eds) 1950 : African Systems of kinship and Marriage. London, OUP (Introduction).

Shah, A.M. 1998 : The Family in India. Critical Essays, New Delhi : Orient Longman.

Uberoi, Patricia, 1993 : Family, Kinship and Marriage in India, New Delhi : OUP.

References:

Goody, Jack (ed) 1958 : The Developmental Cycle in Domestic Groups, Cambridge : Cambridge University Press.

Graburn, N. (ed) 1971 : Readings in Kinship and Social Structure, New York, Harper and Row.

Madan, T.N. 1965 : Family and Kinship A Study of the Pandits of Rural Kashmir, Bombay : Asia Publishing House.

Radcliffe Brown, A.R. 1952 : Structure and Function in Primitive Society. London. Cohen and West, (Re-printed).

Pedagogy:

Students should be exposed to the vast similarities and differences in Kinship systems across cultures. They could be involved in analyzing Kinship, Marriage and Family as depicted in feature films and popular literature. Students may also be encouraged to draw genealogies.

B.A. HONOURS (SOCIOLOGY)**SECOND YEAR 2005-06**

There will be FOUR Theory papers of 100 marks each.

Paper-I : Social Research Methods

Paper-II : Issues and Problems in Indian Society

Paper-III : Population and Society

Paper-IV : Industrial Sociology

Detailed contents of Papers :

PAPER-I**SOCIAL RESEARCH METHODS****M.M. 100****UNIT-A**

Social Research : Meaning and Types.

Scientific Methods : Objectivity and Empiricism.

Steps of Social Research.

UNIT-B

Formulation of Problems.

Hypothesis : Concept, Sources and Importance.

Logic : Meaning and Types.

UNIT-C

Data : Primary and Secondary.

Sampling Methods : Meaning and Types.

UNIT-D

Methods of Research : Qualitative Methods - Ethnography, Observation, Case Study and Content Analysis.

Quantative Methods - Questionnaire, Schedule and Interview.

UNIT-E

Classification and Tabulation of Data.

Measures of Central Tendency : Mean, Median and Mode.

Statistical Analysis of Correlation, Correlation of Coefficient (r and Rho).

Essential Readings:

Ahuja, Ram, 2000 : Research Methods, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.

Bajaj and Gupta. 1972 : Elements of Statistics. New Delhi: R Chand and Co.

Beteille, A and T. N. Madan. 1975 : Encounter and Experience, Personal Accounts of Fieldwork. New Delhi : Vikas Publishing House.

Bryman, Alan. 1988 : Quality and Quantity in Social Research. London: Unwin Hyman.

Garrett, Henry. 1981 : Statistics in Psychology and Education. David Mckay. Indian Publication – Mrs. A.F. Sheikh for Vakils, Bombay. Tenth Reprint.

Jayaram, N. 1989 : Sociology: Methods and Theory. Madras : MacMillian.

Kothari, C.R. 1989 : Research Methodology : Methods and Techniques, Bangalore, Wiley Eastern.

Rawat, H.C. : Samajik Anusandhan Ki Padhatiya (Hindi) : Rawat Publication.

Sharma, C.L. 1999 : Samajik Anusandhan – Survekshana Ki Unveshan Padhatiya (In Hindi) Raj. Hindi Granth Acd., Jaipur

Punch, Keith, 1996 : Introduction to Social Research. London: Sage.

Shipman, Martin. 1988 : The Limitations of Social Research. London Sage

Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah. 1979 : Fieldworker and the Field. Delhi Oxford.

Young, P.V. 1988 : Scientific Social Surveys and Research New Delhi Prentice Hall.

Pedagogy :

The uses of techniques and methods have to be understood along with the perspective that governs

research. An effort should be made to distinguish between techniques and methods. Moreover, the teachers may convey the message to the students that the social context of research and its methods is fundamental to their understanding and application.

The purpose of the course is to train students as good researchers and investigators. For this reason, understanding of social reality, especially the local context, is imperative. Therefore, examples and illustrations may be drawn from local/regional contexts for effective teaching and meaningful learning.

The main effort may be devoted to making students do exercises in the class and, if possible, in the field. This will also make the course interesting and give students the necessary practice to apply the techniques and methods in the field situations as well as for data analysis.

Students may also be familiarized with published source material especially the census reports. Use of OHP for the reading and interpretation of tables, graphs etc. will be helpful.

PAPER-II ISSUES AND PROBLEMS IN INDIAN SOCIETY

M.M. 100

UNIT-A

Social Problem : Concept and Causes.

Structural : Poverty, Unemployment - Concept, Causes and Remedies.

UNIT-B

Structural : Population Explosion, Inequality of Caste and Gender.

Problems of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Minorities.

UNIT-C

Familial : Dowry, Violence, Divorce, Intergenerational Conflict and Aging Problems.

UNIT-D

Developmental : Development induced Displacement, Ecological Degradation and Environmental Pollution, Consumerism, Crisis of Values.

UNIT-E

Disorganizational : Crime & Delinquency, White Collar Crime, Corruption, Changing Profile of Crime & Criminals, Drug Addiction.

Essential Readings:

Beteille, Andre. 1974 : Social Inequality. New Delhi : OUP.

Beteille, Andre. 1992 : Backward Classes in Contemporary India, New Delhi : OUP.

Berremen, G.D. 1979 : Caste and Other Inequalities: Essays in Inequality. Meerut : Folklore Institute.

Dube, Leela 1997 : Women and Kinship Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and Southeast Asia. New Delhi. Sage Publications.

Gadgil, Madhave and Guha, Ramchandra. 1996 : Ecology and Equity : The Use and Abuse of Nature in Contemporary India. New Delhi : OUP.

Gill, S.S. 1998 : The Pathology of Corruption. New Delhi. Harper Collin Publishers.

Guha, Ranjit. 1991 : Subaltern Studies. New York: OUP.

Inden, Ronald. 1990 : Imaging India. Oxford : Brasil Blackward.

Kothari, Rajani (Ed). 1973 : Caste in Indian Politics.

Rajora, S.C. : Samkalin Bharat Ki Samajik Samashyen (in Hindi) Jaipur: Raj. Hindi Granth Acad. 2000.

Madan, T.N. 1991 : Religion in India, New Delhi : OUP.

Ministry of Home Affairs. 1998 : Crime in India. New Delhi : Government of India.

Mahajan and Mahajan, 2003 : Issues and Problems in Indian Society (Hindi), Vivek Prakashan.

Satya Murty. T.V. 1996 : Region, Religion, Caste, Gender and Culture in Contemporary India. New Delhi: OUP.

Sharma, S.L. 1997 : "Towards Sustainable Development in India" In S.R. Mehta (Ed.), Population, Poverty and Sustainable Development. Jaipur : Rawat Publications.

Sharma, Ursula, 1983 : Women, Work and Property in North West India. London : Tavistock.

Ahuja, Ram, 1998 : Social Problem (in English & Hindi both) : Rawat Pub.

References:

Allen, Douglas (ED.) 1991 : Religion and Political Conflict in South Asia, West.

Port Conn : Connecticut University Press.

Bardhan, P. 1984 : Land, Labour and Rural Poverty, New Delhi.

Breckenbridge C. 1996 : Consuming Modernity : Public Culture in Contemporary India. New Delhi : OUP.

Guha, Ramchandra 1994 : Sociology and the Dilemma of Development. New Delhi : OUP.

Juergensmeir, Mark 1993, Religious Nationalism Confronts the Secular State, New Delhi : OUP

Sharma, S.L. 2000 : "Empowerment Without Antagonism : A Case for Reformulation of Women's Empowerment Approach". Sociological Bulletin. Vol 49 No.1.

Waxman, 1983 : The Stigma of Poverty : A Critique of Poverty Theories and Policies.

Pedagogy :

The course requires a pedagogy that seeks to project the issues and problems of contemporary India in a social structural perspective. For this purpose, the students have to be sensitized to the structural roots of the problems as well as to the effects of these problems on the existing social structure. In order to give the students a sympathetic understanding of the problems, it will be rewarding to use the methodology of role playing. The students may also be encouraged to make on the spot observations of the problems wherever and whenever they find the recurrence of these problems.

PAPER-III
POPULATION AND SOCIETY

M.M. 100

Unit - A

Population and Society – Concept of Fertility, Mortality, Morbidity and Migration.

Determinants of Fertility, Mortality and Migration.

Unit - B

Population Theories: Malthusian Theory, Demographic Transition Theory and Theory of Optimum Population.

Unit - C

Population Planning and Control. Reproductive Child Health. Population Information Education and Communication.

Unit - D

Population Policy of India – A Critical Appraisal. Population Problems : Unemployment, Food Supply and Poverty.

Unit - E

Population Policy : Problems and Prospects.

Measures Taken for Population Control.

Role of NGOs in Population Control.

Essential Readings :

Census of India Reports

Finkle, Jason L and C. Alison McIntosh (ED) The New Policies of Population. New York: The Population Council, 1994

Hatcher Robert et al The Essential of Contraceptive Technology Baltimore: John Hopkins School of Public Health. 1997.

Bose, Asish: Demographic Diversity of India Delhi : B.R. Publishing Corporation, 1991.

Premi, M.K. et al : An Introduction to Social Demography Delhi : Vikas Publishing House, 1983

Sharma, Rajendra : Demography and Population Problems New Delhi : Atlantic Publishers, 1997.

Sinha and Dwivedi : Janankiki ki (Hindi).

Srivastava, O.S. : Demography and Population Studies New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House, 1994.

Chandrasekar, S. (ED). Infant Mortality, Population Growth and Family Planning in India London: George Allen & Unwin Ltd. 1974.

Nagda, B.L. : Bharat Me JananKiki (in Hindi)

Pedagogy:

Study of Census reports and writing a brief on the census report studied.

Use of OHP in projecting the diagrammatic representation of demographic features for comparison and understanding. Alternatively 35mm colour slides may be prepared and shown for a graphic understanding of the futures. Arranging film show on population with films borrowed from Films division of the GOI/State Govt.

Demonstration of birth control devices and discussing pros and cons of their use.

Conducting a survey on a small community of the people's reaction to the family welfare programmes.

Group discussion with members of the family welfare organizations.

PAPER-IV
INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY

M.M.100

UNIT-A

Industrial Sociology : Concept, Scope and Nature.

Bases of Industrial Sociology.

Pioneers in Industrial Sociology.

UNIT-B

Concept of Industry, Industrialisation and Industrial Revolution.

Industrial Planning : Concept, Techniques and Problems.

UNIT-C

Nationalization of Industries.

Society and Industry.

Industrial Management : Resolution of Conflict.

UNIT-D

Industrial Bureaucracy : Concept, Characteristics.

Industrial Problems: Housing, Indebtness

UNIT-E

Industrial Relations and Industrial Disputes in India.

Problems of Child and Women Labour.

Labour Welfare in India.

BOOKS AND REFERENCES RECOMMENDED :

1. Miller and Form : Industrial Sociology.
2. Scheneider : Sociology of Industrial Relations.
3. Vincent and Mayers : New Foundation of Industrial Sociology.
4. N.R. Seth : Social Framework of Industry.
5. Parker and Others : Sociology of Industry.
6. Peterson : Social Aspects of Industry.
7. Smelser : Social Change and Industrial Revolution.
8. Moore : Industrial Relations and Social Order.
9. Myers : Industrial Relations in India.
10. Laski : Trade Unionism in New Society.
11. Giri, V.V. : Labour Problems in Indian Industry.
12. Lambert : Workers, Factories and Social Change in India.
13. Moore, Wilbert : Industrialization and Society.
14. UNESCO Research Centre of Social and Economic Development in Southern Asia (Delhi) : Social and Cultural Factors affecting Productivity of Industrial Workers in India, 1961.

B.A. HONOURS (SOCIOLOGY)

THIRD YEAR 2006-07

There will be FOUR Theory papers of 100 marks each:

Paper-I : Foundation of Sociological Thought

Paper-II : Social Change

Paper-III : Rural Sociology

Paper-IV : Social Anthropology

Detailed Course Contents of Papers

PAPER-I

FOUNDATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT

M.M 100

UNIT - A

The Emergence and Development of Sociological Thought :

Transition from Social Philosophy to Sociology.

The Social, Economic and Political Forces: The French and Industrial Revolutions, Enlightenment.

UNIT - B

The Pioneers

Auguste Comte : Positivism; Herbert Spencer: Social Evolution; Emile Durkheim : Social Fact; Max Weber : Ideal Type.

UNIT - C

The Classical Tradition:

Durkheim : Division of Labour and Suicide; Weber : Social Action, The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism; Pareto : Logical and Non-Logical Action, Circulation of Elites.

UNIT - D

Theoretical Approaches : Social Action : T. Parsons.

Functionalism: R.K.Merton; Conflict : Karl Marx.

UNIT - E

Development of Sociological Thought in India: Contributions of G.S. Ghurye, D.P. Mukherjee and Radha Kamal Mukherjee.

Essential Readings:

Aron, Raymond. 1967 : (1982 reprint). Main Currents in Sociological Thought (2 vol.) Harmondsworth, Middlesex: Penguin Books.

Barnes, H.E. 1959 : Introduction to the History of Sociology. Chicago : The University of Chicago Press.

Coser, Lewis A. 1979 : Masters of Sociological Thought. New York: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich.

Fletcher, Ronald. 1994 : The Making of Sociology (2 Vol.) Jaipur : Rawat.

Morrison, Ken. 1995 : Marx, Durkheim, Weber: Formation of Modern Social Thought. London : Sage.

Ritzer George. 1996 : Sociological Theory. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.

Singh, Yogendra. 1986 : Indian Sociology: Social Conditioning and Emerging Trends. New Delhi: Vistaar.

Turner, J. : Esseantial Reading in Sociology.

Zeitlin, Irving 1998 : (Indian edition), Rethinking Sociology : A Critique of Contemporary Theory. Jaipur: Rawat

Doshi, S.L. : Samajik Vicharak (in Hindi), Rawat Publ. Jaipur. 1998

Mukherjee, R.N.: Samajik Vichardhara (in Hindi) Vivek Prakashan, Delhi : 1998.

Pedagogy:

The focus of this paper is on the substantive, theoretical and methodological issues which shaped the thinking of pioneering and classical sociologists and which continue to concern the practitioners of sociology today. Unless otherwise necessary to understand their contributions, the biographical details of the sociologists should be kept to the minimum.

Evaluation of the relevance and significance of the contributions of the pioneers and classical theorists should be briefed by the historical context of the discipline and its theorists.

**PAPER-II
SOCIAL CHANGE**

M.M. 100

UNIT-A

Concept and Nature of Social Change.

Factors of Social Change - Demographic, Economic and Cultural.

Theories of Social Change - Ogburn, Sorokin and Veblen.

UNIT-B

Process of Social Change in India- Industrialization, Urbanization, Sanskritization, Secularization and Modernization.

UNIT-C

Agencies for Social Change : Movements, Media and Education.

Approaches for Structural Change : Gandhian (Sarvodaya) and Marxist.

UNIT-D

Changing Patterns of Social Institutions - Marriage, Family and Caste.

Evaluation of Governmental Programmes in Context of Social Change.

UNIT-E

Role of Voluntary Agencies in Social Change.

Changes in Status of Women.

Issues in Development : Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization (L.P.G.).

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

1. M.N. Srinivas : Adhunik Bharat Me Samajik Parivartan.
2. W.E. Moore : Social Change.
3. Iqbal narain & Mathur : Panchayati Raj in India.
4. Dharma Narain Mishra : Samajwad Se Sarvodaya.
5. S.C. Dube : Management and Social Change.
6. Dada Dharmadhikart : Sarvodaya.
7. A.R. Desai : Rural Sociology in India.
8. Andre Beteille : Studies in Agrarian Social Structure.
9. Rajni Kothari : Caste in Indian Politics.

PAPER-III RURAL SOCIOLOGY

M.M. 100

UNIT-A

Concept and Subject Matter of Rural Sociology.

Rural-Urban Continuum.

Basic Characteristics of Peasant and Agrarian Society.

UNIT-B

Agrarian Institutions.

Land Ownership and its Tyes.

Debate on Agrarian Relations and Mode of Production.

Jajmani System and Jajmani Relations.

Agrarian Class Structure.

UNIT-C

Panchayati Raj System : Concept, 73rd Amendment.

Rural Leadership and Factionalism.

Empowerment through Panchayati Raj.

UNIT-D

Social Issues and Strategies for Rural Development : Bonded and Migrant Labourers.

Agrarian Unrest.

Peasant Movements in India.

UNIT-E

Rural Development and Change : Trends of Changes in Rural Society.

Mobility : Socio-Economic.

Community Development Programmes.

Role of Voluntary Agencies in Social Change.

BOOKS AND REFERENCE RECOMMENDED :

1. Andre Beteille : Agrarian Relation in India.
2. A.R. Desai : Rural India in Transition.
3. A.R. Desai : Rural Sociology in India.
4. Badan Powell : The Indian Village Community.
5. McKim Marriott : Village India.
6. Milton Singer : Traditional India- Structure and Change.
7. Rama Krishnan Mukherjee : The Dynamics of Rural Society.
8. Redfield, R. : Peasant Society.
9. S.C. Dube : Emerging Rural Leadership in South East Asia.
10. S.C. Dube : India's Changing Village
11. S.K. Dey : Community Development Programmes in India.
12. A.R. Desai : Gram Samajshastra (In Hindi).

PAPER-IV SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY

M.M.100

UNIT-A

Nature, Scope and Subject-Matter of Social Anthropology.

Methods of Social Anthropology : Historical, Comparative and Functional.

Development of Social Anthropology in India.

UNIT-B

Conceptual Explanations of Tribe.

Culture : Meaning, Aspects and Patterns of Culture.

Primitive, Economic and Political System with reference to Indian Tribes.

UNIT-C

Family and Marriage in Tribal Society.

Religion and Magic among Tribes.

UNIT-D

Primitive Kinship System : Types, Relation and Usages of Kinship Behaviour (Joking Relation, Avoidance, Avunculate, Teknonymy).

UNIT-E

Problems & Changes among Indian Tribes.

Constitutional Provisions for the Scheduled Tribes.

Evaluation of Welfare Programmes.

BOOKS & REFERENCES RECOMMENDED :

1. Bohanan : Social Anthropology.
2. Lucy Mayer : An Introduction to Social Anthropology.
3. Racliffe Brown : Structural Anthropology.
4. Levi-Strauss, Claude : Structural Anthropology.
5. S.F. Nadel : Social Structure.
6. S.F. Nadel : Other Cultures.
7. Hundred Years of Anthropology.
8. H.C. Upreti: Indian Tribes (in Hindi)
9. Benedict Ruth : Patterns of Culture.
10. Evans-Pritchard : Essay in Social Anthropology.
11. Iravati Karve : Kinship Organisation in India.
12. T.N. Madan : Family and Kinship.
13. M.N.Srinivas : Methods of Social Anthropology.
14. Andre Beteille : Politics and Society in India.

15. S.L.Doshi : Vivechanatmak Samajik Manav-shastra (in Hindi).
16. Gopal Bhardwaj : Smaajik Manavshashtra (in Hindi)
17. Singh, K.S. (1995) : The Scheduled Tribes, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
18. Upreti, H.C. : Bharat Ki Janjatiyan (in Hindi), Raj. Granth Academy, Jaipur.
19. Mukherji, Ravindra Nath : An outline of Social Anthropology, Vivek Publications, Delhi : 1999 (in Hindi).

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Syllabus

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