

POST GRADUATE PROGRAMME

1. At each of the Previous and Final Year Examination in a subject a candidate must obtain to pass (i) at least 36% of the aggregate marks in all the papers prescribed at the examination and (ii) at least 36% marks in practical, wherever prescribed, at the examination; provided that if a candidate fails to secure 25% marks in each individual paper of theory at any of the examination and also in the Dissertation; wherever prescribed, he/she shall be deemed to have failed at the examination, not with standing his/her having obtained the minimum percentage of marks required in the aggregate for the examination. Division will be awarded at the end of the Final Examinations out of the combined marks obtained at the Previous and the Final Examination taken together as noted below. No Division will be awarded at the Previous Examination.

First Division	: 60 percent] (of the total aggregate marks of Previous and final year taken together).
Second Division	: 48 percent	
Third Division	: 36 percent	

Note : The candidate is required to pass separately in theory and practicals.

2. Dissertation may be offered by regular students only in lieu of one paper of Final Year Examination as prescribed in the Syllabus of the subject concerned. Only such candidates will be permitted to offer dissertation who have secured at least 50% marks in the aggregate at the Previous examination and have also cleared all the non-credit papers wherever prescribed.

Note : Dissertation shall be type-written and shall be submitted in triplicate, so as to reach the Controller of Examinations at least two weeks before the commencement of Examination.

3. There shall be at least nine theory papers in Post-Graduate Examination, 4 in Previous and 5 in Final year examinations of 100 marks each, unless otherwise prescribed. The non-credit papers wherever prescribed will remain as such. The marks of these non-credit papers will not be counted for division but passing in the same is compulsory.
4. Each theory paper will be of three hours duration.
5. Wherever practicals are prescribed the scheme will be included in the syllabus.
6. A candidate who has completed a regular course of study for one academic year and passed M.A./M.Sc./M. Com. Previous Examination of the University shall be admitted / permitted to the Final Years class Examination for the degree of

Master of Arts/ Master of Science/Master of Commerce provided that he / she has passed in at least 50% of the papers at the previous examination by obtaining at least 36% marks in each such paper.

- (a) For reckoning 50% of the papers at the previous examination, practical will be included and one practical will be counted as one paper.
 - (b) Where the number of papers prescribed at the previous examination is an odd number it shall be increased by one for the purpose of reckoning 50% of the paper.
 - (c) Where a candidate fails for want of securing minimum aggregate marks but secures 36% marks in at least 50% of the papers, he/she will be exempted from re-appearing in those papers in which he/she has secured 36% marks.
 - (d) Where the candidate secures requisite minimum percentage in the aggregate of all the papers but fails for want of the requisite minimum percentage of marks prescribed for each individual paper he/she shall be exempted from re-appearing in such paper (s) in which he/she has secured at least 25% marks.
7. A candidate who is declared fail at the Final Year Examination for the degree of Master of Science/ Arts, Commerce shall be exempted from

reappearing in a subsequent year in the following papers:

- (a) Where a candidate fails for want of securing the minimum percentage in the aggregate marks, he/she shall be exempted from re-appearing in such paper(s) Practical (s) Dissertation in which he/she has secured at least 36% marks; provided he/she is passing in at least 50% of the papers. (Here passing in each paper requires 36% marks).
- (b) Where a candidate secures the requisite minimum including dissertation wherever prescribed but fails for want of minimum percentage of marks prescribed for in each individual paper/dissertation, he/she shall be exempted from reappearing in such paper(s) dissertation in which he/she has secured at least 25% marks provided he/she is passing in at least 50% of the paper (here passing in each paper requires 25% marks).

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

The course of M.A. Political Science be divided into two parts - M.A. Previous and M.A. Final. There shall be in all 9 papers, 4 to be offered at M.A. Previous and 5 to be offered at M.A. Final stage.

All the four papers at M.A. Previous stage shall be compulsory.

At the M.A. Final stage, while Paper V and VI shall be compulsory, for Papers VII and VIII candidates will have to offer two optional papers from any one of the Groups only. For the IX paper students can opt either Advance Indian Political Thought or Research Methodology or Dissertation as per rules.

Dissertation, in lieu of the optional papers, will be permitted only to such candidates who secure 50% or more marks at M.A. Previous level.

Note : Each question paper will be divided into three sections. Section A will contain 10 compulsory questions, 2 from each unit of 1 mark each. Answer will have to be given upto a limit of 25 words. Section B will contain 10 questions, 2 from each unit of 10 marks each. Candidates will have to answer 5 questions picking 1 from each unit with a word limit of upto 250 words. Section C will contain 4 questions out of which candidates will have to answer any 2. Each question will be of 20 marks and the word limit is upto 500 words.

Sections	No.of questions	Marks	Word limit
Section A	10 (Compulsory)	10 marks (1 mark each)	25 words
Section B	5 (One from each unit)	50 marks (10 marks each)	250 words
Section C	Any 2 from 4 (20 marks each)	40 marks	500 words

The Schemes of the Courses is given below:

M.A. (PREVIOUS)

All the following four papers at this stage will be **compulsory**:

1. Political thought - Plato to the Present Day.
2. Comparative Politics
3. International Politics
4. Administrative Theories and Principles

**M.A. (PREVIOUS) POLITICAL SCIENCE,
2004-2005**

PAPER-I

**POLITICAL THOUGHT: PLATO TO THE
PRESENT DAY**

Unit I

Plato: Nature of his Political Theory; Justice, Education, Communism and Ideal State; Aristotle: Nature of his Political Theory and Method; Theory of State, Classification of States, Ideal State, Citizenship, Slavery, Revolution; Nature of Roman Political Thought : Its Significance; Cicero.

Unit II

Modern Thought: Machiavelli, The Contractualists: Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau.

Unit III

The Utilitarians: Bentham, John Stuart Mill; The Idealists: Hegel, Green.

Unit IV

Marxism: Marx, Lenin and Mao; Pluralism: Laski.

Unit V

Indian Political Thinking: Basic Features of Ancient and Modern Indian Political Thought.

Suggested Readings :

1. Sabine : A History of Political Theory Vols. I, II and III.
2. Catlin : Political Philosophers
3. Dunning : A History of Political Theories
4. Barker : Greek Political Theory: Plato and his Predecessors.
5. Laski : Political Thought in England from Locke to Bentham.
6. Vaughan : Studies in Political Philosophy, Vols. I and II.
7. Ebenstein : Plato to Present Day.
8. Sharma, P.D. : राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास
9. Mathur, D.B. & Shrivastava, B.P. : प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारक, जयपुर
10. Purohit, B.R. : प्रतिनिधि राजनैतिक विचारक एवं विचारधाराएं, (Ed) M.P. Granth Academy
11. Jha, B.K. : प्रमुख राजनीतिक चिन्तन, खण्ड -1 और 2, Bihar Hindi Granth Academy.

PAPER-II
COMPARATIVE POLITICS

Unit I

Comparative Politics: Meaning, Nature and Scope.

Unit II

Approaches in Comparative Politics: System, Structural - Functional, Marxist - Leninist, Developmental Approach.

Unit III

Classification of Governments: Democracy, Traditional and Modern Dictatorship, Modern Federations: Theory and Practice.

Unit IV

Separation of Powers: Theory and Practice; Executive : Presidential and Parliamentary; legislature: Organisation and Functions; Judiciary: Organisation, Function and Judicial Review.

Unit V

Party System: Theories, Functions and Programmes; Pressure Groups; Electoral Systems; Bureaucracy.

Suggested Readings :

1. Carl J. Friedrich : Constitutional Government and Democracy (New Delhi).

2. Jean Blondel : An Introduction to Comparative Government (London, 1969).
3. Pennock and Smith : An Introduction to Politics (MacMillan & Co., New York).
4. Cory and Abraham : Elements of Democratic Government (Oxford University Press, New York).
5. H. Finer : Theory and Practice of Modern Government.
6. Pennock and Smith : Political Analysis - An Introduction.
7. Verney : The Analysis of Political Systems
8. Almond and Coleman : The Politics of the Developing Areas.
9. Mayer, L.C. : Redefining Comparative Politics, Sage, 1989.
10. Almond and Powell : Comparative Politics, Sage, 1989.
11. S.F. Finer : Comparative Government
12. K.C. Wheare : Federal Government
13. Shanker Das, Dwivedi : आधुनिक राज्य (Hindi).

14. R. Tiwari & S. Singh (Trans) : मन्त्रिमण्डल शासन
15. J.C. Johari : Comparative Politics (Hindi & English)
16. V.N. Khanna : Comparative Study of Government and Politics, (S. Chand & Co., New Delhi).
17. S.L. Verma : संघ व्यवस्था (राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रन्थ अकादमी, जयपुर, 1988)
18. B.D. Sharma : आधुनिक शासन तंत्र : सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार, (लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा)
19. H. Rai & B. Singh : तुलनात्मक सरकार और राजनीति (भारतीय भवन, पटना -4)
20. C.B. Gena : तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएँ
21. Prabhudutt Sharma : तुलनात्मक, राजनीतिक संस्थाएँ (कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर)

PAPER-III

INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

Unit I

International Politics: Meaning, Nature and Scope; Political Realism and Idealism.

Unit II

Theories of International Politics: Classical and scientific; Systems Approach of Morton Kaplan, Communications Approach, Decision Making Theory, Game Theory, Dependency Approach, Marxist Leninist Approach, Peace Research, Non-alignment, Balance of Power, Collective Security.

Unit III

Power: Meaning, Significance and Elements of National Power, National Interest, Diplomacy, Foreign Aid, Imperialism, Colonialism and neo-colonialism; Impact of Science and Technology on International Politics.

Unit IV

International Organization: Theory of Functionalism, United Nations Organisation: A critical review; Commonwealth of Nations, Regional Organizations with special reference to ECM, ASEAN, OPEC, SAARC, CIS, LAFTA, NAFTA.

Unit V

Emerging Trends in International Politics; Human Rights; Non-Aligned Movement, International Environmental Laws, Post-Cold War World; Disarmament and Arms Control, Religio-Ethnic Conflicts in Europe and South Asia.

Suggested Readings :

1. Burton, J.W. : International Relations: A General Theory, Bombay, 1971.
2. Deustch, K.N. : The Analysis of International Relations, N.J. 1968.
3. Fox, W.T.R. : Theoretical Aspects of International Relations, New Delhi, 1949.
4. Kaplan Morton : System and Process in International Politics, New York, 1957.
5. Knorr, K. and Rosenau, J.N. : Contending Approaches to International Politics, Princeton, 1969.
6. Kothari Rajni : Footsteps into the Future, New Delhi, 1974.
7. Kumar, Mahendra : Theoretical Aspects Of International Politics.
8. Said, A.A. : Theory of International relations, New Delhi, 1969.
9. Sprout, H. & Sprout, M. : Foundations of International Politics, Princeton, 1962.
10. Wright, Quincy : The Study of International Relations, Bombay, 1970.
11. Roberts & Kmgbsbury : United Nations, Divided World Oxford, 1993.
12. Rittberger, V. (Ed) : Recent theory and International Relations, Oxford, 1993.
13. Haglund, D. (Ed) : Trends in Global Security, Oxford, 1993.
14. Rotfeld, A.D. (Ed) : Global Security and the Rule of Law OUP/SIPRI 1994.
15. Fischer, David : Nuclear Disarmament and Global Order, OUP/SIPRI, 1994.
16. Griffiths, S.I. : Nationalism and Ethnic Conflict: threats to European Security, OUS/SIPRI, 1993.
17. Sharma, P.D. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति
18. Pant, H. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध, (Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy).
19. Buddhirraja, V.C : द्वितीय विश्व युद्ध के पश्चात् अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध (Haryana Sahitya Academy).
20. Devbala, S. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सिद्धान्त (U.P. Hindi Sansthan).
21. Rajan, M.S. : गुट निरपेक्षता-आन्दोलन एवं सम्भावनाएं (Hindi Madhyam Karyanvya Nideshalay, D.U.)

PAPER-IV

ADMINISTRATIVE PRINCIPLES AND THEORIES

Unit I

Public Administration as An Academic Discipline: Nature and Scope, Public and Private Administration; Public Administration and Ecology.

Unit II

Concept of Formal and Informal Organization: Hierarchy, span of control, Unity of command, Line and staff, Leadership, Co-ordination, Communication, Delegation, Techniques of Management: O and M; Developmental Administration (Riggs).

Unit III

Scientific Management, Hawthorne Experiment (Elton-Mayo), Motivation and Morale (Maslow and Herzberg), Decision-making Model (Simon).

Unit IV

Personnel Administration: Bureaucracy (Max Weber), Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Employees Organisation.

Unit V

Budgetary system and Administrative Control: Executive, Legislative, Judicial and Popular Control,

Administrative Discretion and Role of Ombudsman, Principles of Sound Budgeting: Formulation and Implementation of Budget, performance Budgeting.

Suggested Readings :

1. Terry : Principles of Management
2. Pfiffner & Presthus : Public Administration
3. Simon Smith : Public Administration
Berg & Thompson
4. Rowat : Ideas and Issues in Public Administration.
5. Pfiffner & Sherwood : Administrative Organisation.
6. Simon : Administrative Behaviour
7. Prabhudutt Sharma : लोक प्रशासन, सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार (जयपुर)
8. V.M. Sinha : लोक प्रशासन, सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार (जयपुर)
9. Parmatma Saran : लोक प्रशासन, (मेरठ)
10. R.L. Singh : लोक प्रशासन, (आगरा)
11. B.L. Fadia : लोक प्रशासन (साहित्य भवन, आगरा)

**M.A. (Final) POLITICAL SCIENCE
2005-2006**

PAPER-V

POLITICAL THEORY AND ANALYSIS

Unit I

Nature of Modern Political Theory

Unit II

The Behavioral Revolution: Nature, Growth and Limitations, the Post-Behavioral Revolution.

Unit III

Approaches to Political Analysis:

- (a) General System Theory;
- (b) Structural Functional Analysis;
- (c) Group Theory;
- (d) Political Elite Theory;
- (e) Communication Theory;
- (f) Marxist Leninist Approach

Unit IV

Mainstreams of Contemporary political thought:

- (a) The Traditionalists: Oakshott, Hannah Arendt, Leo Strauss, Eric Vogelin;
- (b) The Existentialists: Sartre, Robert Nisbet, Herbert Marcuse, Albert Camus.
- (c) Marxism and New Left.

Unit V

Concepts :

- (a) Political Development;
- (b) Political Modernization;
- (c) Political Culture;
- (d) Political Socialization.

Core Books :

1. James C. : Contemporary Political Analysis, New York, Free Press, Charlesworth (Ed) 1967.
2. David Easton : A Framework for Political Analysis, Prentice Hall, 1965.
3. Almond and Powell : Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach, Little Brown and Boston, 1966.
4. Robert Dahl : Modern Political Analysis, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., Prentice Hall, 1963.
5. Carl J. Friedrich : An Introduction to Political Theory, New York, Harper and Row, 1967.
6. Eugene Mahan : Contemporary Political thought, Homewood, Illinois, 1967.

7. S.P. Verma : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
Vikas Publication, New
Delhi, 1978.
8. S.L. Verma : आधुनिक राजनीति सिद्धान्त
Meenakshi Prakashan,
Meerut.
9. H.C. Sharma : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
College Book Depot, Jaipur.
10. Jain and Phadia : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
Sahitya Bhawan, Agra.

Additional Readings:

1. Almond and Coleman : The Politics of the Developing
Area, Princeton Univ. Press,
1960.
2. Ronald Young (Ed): Approaches to the study of
Politics, Evanston, North,
West Univ. Press, 1958.
3. Gould and Thusby : Contemporary Political
(Ed) Thought, New York, Holt and
Winston, 1969.
4. Arnold Brecht : Political Theory : The
Foundations of Twentieth
Century Political Thought,
Bombay, Times of India
Press, 1970.
5. Crespiigny and
Minoyual (Ed) : Contemporary Political
Philosophers, Methuen Co.,
London, 1976.

6. Lasswell and Kaplan : Power and society, New
Haven, Yale Univ. Press,
1950.
7. Samuel P. Huntington : Political Order in Changing
Societies, New Haven,
London, 1961.
8. David Apter : The Politics of Moderni-
zation, Chicago Univ. Press,
1965.
9. H.J. Blackham : Six Existentialist Thinkers,
London Routledge and
Kegan, 1952.
10. Haas and Kariel : Approaches to the study of
Political Science, California,
Chandler Pub., 1970.
11. Charles Hynoman : The Study of politics, Urbana
Univ. of Illinois Press, 1959.
12. Pye and Verba (Ed): Political Culture and Political
Development, Princeton,
Princeton Univ. Press, 1965.
13. Rudolph and Rudolph : The Modernity of Tradition,
Chicago, Chicago Univ.
Press, 1967.
14. Martin Shubik : Game Theory are Related to
Approaches (Ed) Social Behaviour, New York,
Wiley and Sons, 1964.
15. Bernard Grick : The American Science of
Politics, Berkeley, Univ. of
California Press, 1959.

PAPER-VI

INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Unit I

Sources of the Indian Constitution, Role and Composition of the Constituent Assembly, Objectives Resolution: Basic Values and Nature of the Indian Constitution.

Unit II

Union Executive: President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Union Legislature, Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Union Judiciary, Supreme Court and Judicial Review, Fundamental Rights and Duties; Directive Principles of State Policy, Centre-State Relations.

Unit III

Social Basis of Indian Politics: Caste, Class, Religion, Region, Language: State and Class formation in India, Tradition and Modernity in Indian Politics.

Unit IV

Political Parties: National and Regional; Role and Programme; Electoral system and Voting Behaviour; Procedure of Amendment with special reference to 42nd & 44th Constitutional Amendments.

Unit V

State Politics with reference to Rajasthan: Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers; Vidhan Sabha and High Court; Social and Economic bases of Politics in Rajasthan with special reference to caste and class;

Elections in Rajasthan and Electoral Politics. Democratic Decentralisation - 73rd & 74th Constitutional Amendment - Basic Features with Special Reference to Rajasthan.

Suggested Readings :

1. J.C. Johari : Indian Government and Politics (Vishal Publications; Delhi-7).
2. C.H. Alexandrovicz: Constitutional Development in India.
3. K.R. Bomwal : The Foundation of Indian Federalism.
4. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation.
5. W.H. Morris Jones : Parliament in India, 1957.
6. M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India.
7. W.H. Morris Jones : Government and Politics of India, 1974.
8. Rajni Kothari : Politics in India (English and Hindi).
9. K. Santhanam : Union State Relations in India.
10. N.D. Palmer : Indian Political System

11. Iqbal Narain : State Politics in India
12. Rajni Kothari : Caste in Indian Politics, 1970.
13. Babu Lal Fadia : Pressure Groups in Indian Politics
14. Satyanarayan Jain : भारतीय राजनीतिक व्यवस्था, (पंचशील प्रकाशन फिल्म) कॉलोनी, जयपुर
15. Fadia & Jain : भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति (साहित्य भवन, आगरा)
16. M.P. Ray : भारतीय सरकार एवं राजनीति (कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर)
17. Dr. Zenab Banu : Politics of Communalism, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1989.
18. Prabhat Datta : India's Democracy: New Challenges, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1991.
19. Dr. B.L. Fadia : Contemporary Indian Politics, Sahitya Bhawan, Agra.
20. C.P. Bhambhri : Indian Politics since Independence Vol.I & II, Shipra Publication, Delhi.
21. Bhawani Singh : Recent Trends in Indian Government and Politics, Vol. I & II.
22. Rashiddudin Khan : Federal India: A Design for Change.
23. Veddan Sudhir : भारतीय राजनीति
24. Dharmchand Jain : राज्यपाल
25. Shanta Bhatt : Role of Women in Indian Parliament.
26. Arun Chaturvedi & S.L. Meena : राजनीति के विविध आयाम, प्रिंटवैल, जयपुर, 1997
27. Zenab Banu : Immigrants: A new Virus for Communal Violence in India, Ajanta International, New Delhi, 1998.

OPTIONAL PAPERS

PAPER VII & VIII :

(Two Optional Papers to be offered from any one of the four groups A to D).

GROUP-A : POLITICAL THEORY

PAPER-A (1) SOCIAL & POLITICAL THOUGHT IN MODERN INDIA

(Study of the nature, evolution and subject matter of Modern Indian social and Political Thought. The emphasis is also on a Study of the Evolution of such concepts as nationalism, Swaraj, Trusteeship, Satyagraha, Socialist Tradition and Decentralization).

Unit I

Modern India : Socio-economic and Political thought in the making; Impact of Western Contact; the contribution of socio-religious/movements of the 19th century with special reference to the political ideas of Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Vivekanand and Annie Besant; Hindu Revivalism and Nationalism.

Unit II

The Liberal School with special reference to socio-economic and political ideas of Mahadev Govind Ranade, Dadabhai Naoroji, Pheroze Shah Mehta, Surendra Nath Banerjee, Gopal Krishan Gokhale and V.S. Srinivas Shastri; Meaning of Indian Liberalism.

Unit III

Radical School with special reference to the socio-economic and political ideas of Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Lala Lajpat Rai and Bipin Chandra Pal. Concepts of Swaraj and Nationalism.

Unit IV

Communist challenge and the Socio-economic and Political thought of V.D. Savarkar, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Mohammed Iqbal and M.A. Jinnah; the era of synthesis in Modern India, Socio-economic and Political thought with special reference to the ideas of M.K. Gandhi, Aurobindo Ghosh, Ravindra Nath Tagore, Jawahar Lal Nehru and Maulana Azad.

Unit V

Some Contemporary Trends: Humanism, Socialism and Sarvodaya with special reference to M.N. Roy, Jai Prakash Narayan and Ram Manohar Lohia.

Suggested Readings :

1. C.P. Verma : Indian Political Thought
2. B.R. Purohit : Hindu Revivalism and Indian National Movement.
3. M.A. Buch : Rise and Growth of Indian Nationalism.
4. M.A. Buch : Rise and Growth of Indian Militant Nationalism

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| <p>5. K.P. Karunakaran : Modern Indian Political Traditions.</p> <p>6. K.P. Karunakaran : Continuity and change in India's Politics.</p> <p>7. Theodore de Bary : Sources of Indian Tradition & Others (Ed) (Vol.II), (New York, Columbia University Press, 1950).</p> <p>8. K. Damodaran : Indian thought (Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967).</p> <p>9. B.B. Majumdar : History of Indian Social and Political Ideas from Ram Mohan to Dayanand (Calcutta Bookland, 1967).</p> <p>10. V.D. Mahajan : Modern Indian Political Thought (S. Chand & Co., Delhi-55).</p> <p>11. A Appadorai : Indian Political Thinking in the 20th Century (New Delhi, South-Asian Publishers, 1987).</p> <p>12. M.V. Ram Krishna: The Growth of Indian Liberalism in the 19th Century.</p> <p>13. C.E. Heimsath : Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform (Bombay, Oxford University Press, 1970).</p> | <p>14. D.G. Karve : The Prophet of Liberated India (Poona, 1942).</p> <p>15. T.L. Shay : The Legacy of the Lokmanya: The Political Philosophy of B.G. Tilak (London, 1956).</p> <p>16. Aurobindo : The Spirit and Form of Indian Polity (Calcutta, Arya Publishing House, 1947).</p> <p>17. M.N. Das : Political Philosophy of Jawahar Lal Nehru (London, Allen and Unwin, 1916).</p> |
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PAPER-A (2)
SOCIALIST THEORY

Unit I

Meaning and Nature of Socialism: Growth of Socialist theory: Utopian Socialism, Scientific socialism.

Unit II

Varieties of Socialism : Fabianism, Guild Socialism, Syndicalism, Anarchism, Communism.

Unit III

Political Ideas of Karl Marx, Engles, Lenin, Stalin, Mao.

Unit IV

Revisionism: Bernstein, Djilas, Recent Trends in Socialist Theory: Some Significant Problems of Socialist Theory.

Unit V

Socialist thought in India: Mahatma Gandhi, M.N. Roy, Jawahar Lal Nehru, Ram Manohar Lohia.

Suggested Readings :

1. Alexander Fray : The Socialist Tradition: Moses to Lenin.
2. Afred C. Mayer : Leninism.

3. George Linchtheim : Marxism: A Historical and Critical Study.
4. F.W. Coker : Recent Political Thought (English & Hindi Editions)
5. V.P. Verma : आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक चिंतन
6. G.D.H. Cole : Meaning of Marxism
7. Stuart Schram : The Political Thought of Mao-Testung.
8. N.K. Srivastava : नेहरु और समाजवाद (विधि प्रकाशन, पाटनकर बाजार, ग्वालियर)

PAPER-A (3)
LIBERAL DEMOCRATIC THEORY

Unit I

Nature and Growth of Democratic Theory; Nature and Growth of Liberalism.

Unit II

Ideas of Schumpeter, Lindsay, Robert Dahl; Sartori and C.B. Machpherson about Democracy.

Unit III

Ideas of Locke, J.S. Mill, Barker, Laski; Russell, Nehru and Gandhi about Liberalism.

Unit IV

Critics of Democracy.

Unit V

Liberalism in the Twentieth Century; Defence of Democracy and Liberalism.

Suggested Readings :

1. George H. Sabine : Political Theory
2. Harold J. Laski : Rise of European Liberalism (ed) (II 1947).

3. William Ebenstein : Modern Political Thought: the Great Issues (Part-II) (Chs. III, IV,X,V) Part-IC (Chs.10,12 and 13).
4. Isiah Berlin : Two concepts of Liberty (Oxford).
5. Fredric K.M. : The Political Tradition of the West: A Wathkins Study in the Development of Modern Liberalism.
6. H.B. Mayo : Introduction to Democratic Theory (London, Ed. 1967).
7. L.T. Hobhouse : Liberalism (London, 1911).
8. J.S. Schapiro : Liberalism and the Challenge of Fascism (1949).
9. R.G. Collingwood : History of European Liberalism (Oxford, 1927).
10. B.R. Purohit : बीसवीं शताब्दी की राजनीति की प्रमुख धाराएं
11. Rai and Singh : राजनीति शास्त्र के नये आयाम

PAPER-A (4)

REPRESENTATIVE THINKERS

Unit I : Plato, Aristotle

Unit II : Hegel, T.H. Green

Unit III : Karl Marx; Lenin

Unit IV : H.D. Lasswell; David Easton; Leo Strauss

Unit V : Earnest Barker, Harold J. Laski. M.K. Gandhi.

Books Recommended :

1. E. Barker : Greek Political Theory
2. E. Barker : Principles of Social and Political Theory
3. E. Barker : Political Thought in England (1948-1911).
4. Sabine : A History of Political Theory.
5. Catlin : Political Philosophers
6. Laski : A Grammer of Politics
7. Davies and Lewis : Models of Political System
8. Gould and Thusby: Contemporary Political Thought
9. David Easton : The Political System

10. S.P. Verma : Modern Political Theory (English & Hindi)
11. Dhawan : Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi
12. F.W. Coker : Recent Political Thought
13. F.W. Coker : Recent Political Thought
14. H.D. Laswell : Politics: Who Gets, What, When, How.
15. Mc Govern : Totalitarian Political Thought: From Luther to Hitler
16. Alexander Gray : The Socialist Tradition: Moses to Lenin
17. A.G. Mayor : Leninism.

PAPER-A (5)

GANDHIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

Unit I

Socio-Cultural Structure Culture of Indian Society and Metaphysical and Ideological Foundations of Gandhian Political Thought. Personality of Gandhi and his Role in South Africa and the Indian National Movement-Sources and Legacies.

Unit II

Idealism and Empiricism in Gandhian Political Thought, Gandhi's Concept of Religion and Spiritualisation of Politics-Non-violence, Truth and Satyagraha.

Unit III

Essential Writings of Gandhi-Hind Swaraj, Concepts of Swaraj, Sarvodaya, Trusteeship, Decentralisation and Autonomous Village Republics.

Unit IV

Gandhi and Neo-Gandhians - Gandhism in Practice, Gandhi, Marx and Mao; Gandhi and Martin Luther King, Relevance of Gandhi in Modern India and Contemporary World; Gandhi and Opposition Techniques.

Unit V

Evolution of Gandhian Political Thought in the context of Technological Society and Alienated individual.

Socio-Economic Philosophy of Gandhi as an answer to Problems of East and West.

Suggested Readings :

1. Murthy, V. : Essential Writings of Gandhi. Ramanna
2. Mashruwall K.G : Gandhi and Marx.
3. Narayan, J.P. : Gandhi and Socialism
4. Schweitzer, A. : Indian Thought and Its Development
5. Radha Krishan : Mahatma Gandhi
6. Holmes J. : Gandhi, A World Leader.
7. Diwakar, R.R. : Satyagraha
8. Original Writings of Mahatma Gandhi.
9. Dr. D.K. Mishra : Gandhi and Social Order.
10. Dr. P.K. : Gandhi Darshan
Bhattacharya
11. Pratap Singh : Gandhi Darshan (College Book Depot, Jaipur).

GROUP-B

PAPER-B (1)

INTERNATIONAL LAW

Unit I

Nature of International Law; Sanctions behind International Law, Bases of International Law; Sources of International Law, Relations between International law and Municipal Law, Historical Development of International Law: Factors helping the growth of International Law: Marxist view, States in International Law: Codification of International Law and Major Conventions after World War-II.

Unit II

States: Types of States, State territory: Modes of Acquisition and Loss of state territory; state succession; Recognition; Jurisdiction; Limits on State's jurisdiction; Asylum and Extradition; Self-defence in International Law; Doctrine of Necessity and Self-Preservation; Subjects of International Law - States and Individuals; Nationality.

Unit III

Diplomatic Agents and Consuls; Privileges and Immunities with special reference to 1961 Vienna Convention; Treaties; International Organisation. United Nations, International Court of Justice; Human Rights, GATE, Settlement of International Disputes, Amicable and Compulsive.

Unit IV

Definition and Nature of War: Declaration of War, Effects of War, Modes of termination of War; Belligerency and Insurgency; Enemy character of Persons, Property, Corporations, Warfare on Land, Belligerent occupation; Aerial Warfare and Nuclear Warfare, Warfare on Sea; Prize courts; War Crimes; Nuremberg and Tokyo Trials; Doctrine of Postlimium.

Unit V

Neutrality - Definition and Kinds, Neutrality in the United Nations Charter, Duties of Neutrals and Belligerents, Right of Angary, Blockade and Contraband: Unneutral Service and Right of Visit and Search: Doctrine of Continuous Voyage.

Suggested Readings :

1. Akehurst Michael : A Modern Introduction of International Law, Lingon, 1970.
2. Anand, R.P. : New States and International Law, Delhi, 1972.
3. Brierly, James : Law of Nations, Oxford, 1973.
4. Brownlie, Ian : Principles of Public International Law, London, 1973.
5. Elias, T.O. : Africa and the Development of International Law, Le Yden, 1972.

6. Chimni, B.C. : International Law and World Order, New Delhi, 1993.
7. Friendmann, W. : International Law: Cases & Materials, St. Paul, Mini, 1969.
8. Oppenheim, L. : International Law, London, 1955.
9. Soresen, Max (Ed): Manual of International Law, London, 1955.
10. Schwarzen Berger,: A Manual of International Law, London, G.1967.
11. Kelson, Hans : The Law of the United Nations, 1951.
12. Khan, Rahmatullah : Implied Powers of the United Nations, Delhi, 1970.
13. Brownlie, Ian : International Law and the Use of Force by States, Oxford, 1963.
14. Stone, Julius : Legal Controls of International Conflict, New York, 1959.
15. Moore, J.N. (Ed) : Law and Civil War in the Modern World, Baltimore, 1974.
16. Aasopa, S.K. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
17. Kapoor, A.C. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
18. Chaturvedi, Arun : नये देश और अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि

PAPER-B (2)

FOREIGN POLICIES

Foreign Policies of the following countries have to be studied: U.S.A., Russia, U.K., China, India.

Unit I

An Overview of International Relations since 1945, Comparative study of Foreign Policy, Basic Approaches to Foreign Policies, Elements of Foreign Policy. U.S. Foreign Policy: A historical survey; Making of foreign policy in the U.S.; Objective of U.S. Foreign Policy, U.S. - Russia Relations (Both in the cold war and post cold war phase); U.S.-China Relations, U.S. Japan Relations, U.S. and South Asia, U.S. and West Asia, U.S. and Europe.

Unit II

Russian Foreign Policy: A historical survey: Making of Foreign Policy in Russia; Objectives of Russian Foreign Policy; Russian-American Relations (both in the cold war and post cold war phase); Russo-Chinese Relations (1949 onward), Russia and Eastern Europe (1945 onwards), Commonwealth of Independent States and Russia, Russia and South Asia.

Unit III

U.K. Foreign Policy: A Historical survey; Making of foreign policy in U.K., Objectives of British Foreign Policy in U.K., Objective of British Foreign Policy, U.K. and

European Unity, U.K. and U.S.A., U.K. and South Asia, Commonwealth of Nations and U.K.

Unit IV

Chinese Foreign Policy: A historical survey, making of Foreign Policy in China: Objectives; Sino-U.S. Relations: Sino-Russian Relations (1949 onwards) China and South Asia; Sino-Japanese Relations; China and South East Asia.

Unit V

Indian Foreign Policy: A historical survey; Making of foreign policy in India; Objectives; Policy of Non-alignment, Indo-U.S. Relations; Indo-Russian Relations; Indo-Chinese Relations; India's Relations with neighbours: Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Nepal, India and SAARC.

Suggested Readings :

1. Berding, A.H. : The Making of Foreign Policy, Washington, 1966.
2. Frankel, J. : The Making of Foreign Policy: An Analysis of decision Making, OUP, 1963.
3. Macridis, R.C. : Foreign Policy in World Politics, Prentice Hall, 1967.
4. Snyder, R.C. & Otrher (Ed) : Foreign Policy in World Politics, Prentice Hall, 1967.
5. Hyde Price, Adrian : European Security beyond the Cold War Sage, 1991.

6. Davy, Richard (Ed): European Detento, Sage, 1992.
7. Hasegawa, T. & Pravada, A. : A Perestroika Soviet Domestic and Foreign Policies, Sage, 1990.
8. Stremiau, J.J. (Ed): Soviet Foreign Policy in an Uncertain World, APB, 1985.
9. Macridis : The United States in the World Asia, Harper, 1960.
10. Brezezinski, Z.K. : Ideology and Power in Soviet Politics, New York, 1962.
11. Kanets, Roger, E. : The Soviet Union and Developing Nations, London, 1974.
12. Rubinstein, A.Z. : The Foreign Policy of the Society Union, (Ed)New York, 1966.
13. ---do-- (Ed) : Soviet and Chinese Influence in the Third World, New York, 1975.
14. Bell, Coral : Europe without Great Britain, Melborne, 1963.
15. Jones, Roy E. : The Changing Structure of British Foreign Policy, 1975.
16. Clubb, O.E. : China and Russia: The Great Game, New York, 1971.

17. Dutt, V.P. : China and the World, New York, 1966.
18. Fitzgerald, C.P. : Changing Directions of Chinese Foreign Policy, Canberra, 1971.
19. Hinton, H.C. : Communist China in World Politics, London, 1966.
20. Zagoria, D.S. : The Sino-Soviet Conflict, 1956-61, Princeton, 1962.
21. For Reading on Indian Foreign Policy see the reading list of Paper-B(7) "Indian in world Affairs".
22. Sanjay Lodha : The Communist tug of War in Indo- China, 1997, Printwell, Jaipur.
23. Arun Chaturvedi : Indian Foreign Policy & The & Sanjay Lodha Emerging World order, 1997, (Ed) Printwell, Jaipur.
24. Susheela Agarwal, : Africa in the 21st Century, Arun Chaturvedi & Sanjay Lodha (Ed) 1998, Printwell, Jaipur.
25. Sharma, Gopal : भारतीय विदेश नीति: बदलते आयाम, प्रिंटवैल, जयपुर, 1991
26. Sheela Ojha : भारतीय विदेश नीति : एक मूल्यांकन प्रिंटवैल, जयपुर, 1992
27. Sheela Ojha : भारतीय विदेश नीति : एक अध्ययन, प्रिंटवैल, जयपुर, 2001
28. R.S. Yadav : भारतीय विदेश नीति, 2000

PAPER-B (3)

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION

Unit I

Evolution of International Organization-Historical roots; process of change in International organization: League of Nations and the United Nations : A Comparative Study.

Unit II

United Nation Organization - Membership, Security Council, General Assembly, ECOSOC, Trusteeship Council, ICJ, Secretariat and the Secretary General.

Unit III

Procedures of Peaceful Settlement of International Disputes; Procedures of coercive Settlement; Sanctions; Peace-keeping, Disarmament and Arms Control; Assessment of the Work of the U.N. in the maintenance of international peace and security: the Collective Security System.

Unit IV

Regionalism and Functionalism, EEC, OAU, OPEC, ASEAN, SAARC, LAFTA, OAS, NAFTA.

Unit V

Promoting economic and Social Welfare: I.L.O., World Bank, UNICEF, UNESCO, Human and Group Rights, Environmental Action; Proposals and Actions to Strengthen the United Nations.

Suggested Readings :

1. Goodrich : The United Nations
2. Inis L. Claude : Swords into Ploughshares: The Problems and progress of International Organization, Doubleday, 1966.
3. Falk & Mendovitz : The Strategy of World Order, Vol III The United Nations (World Law Fund, New York, 1966).
4. S.J.R. Bilgrami : International Organization, Vikas
5. Roberts, A. & Kingsbury, B. : United Nations, Divided World Clarandon, 1993.
6. A. Vadenbosch & J.N. Hogan : Towards World Order, 1963.
7. Clark and Sohn : World Peace Through World Law.
8. Mangeme : A Short History of International Organization, McGraw Hill, 1854.
9. J. Levi : Fundamentals of World Organization.
10. Eban Luard (Ed) : The Evolution of International Organizations, Plaeger, New York, 1966.
11. Eban Luard (Ed) : The International Protection of Rights, Prager, New York, 1966.
12. Clark, M.:U.N. : The First Twenty Years, Sterling Eichelberger Publishers, 1966.
13. M.P. Roy : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय संगठन, College Books Depot, Jaipur.
14. P.D. Kaushik : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय संगठन, K.P. Ludhiyana
15. Rumki Basu : The United Nations, Sterling, Delhi.

PAPER-B (4)

THEORY AND PRACTICE OF DIPLOMACY

Unit I

Origin, Nature, Development, Objective and Functions of Diplomacy, Diplomacy as Weapons and Tool of National Power, Means and Methods, Evolution of Diplomatic Practices - Greek, Italian, French and Indian Schools of Diplomacy.

Unit II

Types of Diplomacy - Democratic Diplomacy, Parliamentary Diplomacy, Summit Diplomacy, Conference Diplomacy, Personal Diplomacy and Coalition Diplomacy, Their Potentialities and limits in the Modern World. Old Diplomacy; Transition from Old Diplomacy to the New. New Diplomacy New Techniques and Recent Developments in Diplomacy, The Area of Diplomacy of Non-Alignment, Diplomacy at the International Organization, Commonwealth Diplomacy.

Unit III

Propaganda in Modern Diplomacy, Diplomacy during War and Peace, Diplomacy and Super powers, Diplomacy and International Law, Diplomatic Agents: Their Classes and Immunities Position in regard to the Third State; the Diplomatic Body; Principle of Precedence, Credentials and Full powers.

Unit IV

International Meetings and Transactions, Treaties & other International Compacts Concordt, Additional Articles, Final Act; Process Verbal, Rectification, Accession etc.

Unit V

Diplomats and Diplomatic Events: Metternich, Castlereagh, Talleyrand and the Congress of Vienna: Bismarck and the Unification of Germany, Covour and Italian Unification, Wilson at Versailles Peace Conference, Briand, Stresseman, Austren Chamberlain and the Locarno Settlement.

Suggested Readings :

1. Nicolson, Harold : Diplomacy (3rd Ed) Oxford Univ. Press.
2. Nicolson, Harold : Evolution of Diplomatic Methods
3. Krishan Murty : Dynamics of Diplomacy
4. Hayter : Diplomacy of the Great Powers
5. Pearson, Lester : Diplomacy in the Nuclear Age
6. Stephen, D. Kertesz : Diplomacy in a Changing World. & M.A. Fitzsimons

7. G. Mukherjee : French School of Diplomacy, Trimurty.
8. Satow : Guide to Diplomatic Practice.
9. Pankkar, Lester : Principles and Practice of Diplomacy.
10. Thayer : Diplomat
11. Regalla : Trends in Diplomatic Practice
12. A.L. Kennedy : Diplomacy - Old and New.
13. Eugence Black : Diplomacy of Economic Development.
14. Girija K. Mukharjee: Diplomacy, Trimurti Publications Pvt. Ltd., 1971.
15. L.C.B. Seaman : Fron Venna to Versailles
16. Dr. H.C. Sharma : राजनय के सिद्धान्त और व्यवहार
17. Ragvendra Singh : राजनय, हिन्दी समिति, उत्तर प्रदेश लखनऊ
18. Dr. B.K. Upadhyaya : राजनय तथा अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय संगठन, लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा।

PAPER-B (5)

THE DEVELOPING WORLD IN INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

The purpose of this paper is not to cover all aspects of the Developing World. It is just to create awareness about developing world and its major problems.

Unit I

Developing World: The Concept; Colonialism and Imperialism, Neo-colonialism.

Unit II

Rise of Asia - Its Causes and Effects: Non-alignment-Theory and Movement; India and the Developing World.

Unit III

Africa in the Modern World; Developing World and the New International Economic Order.

Unit IV

Super Powers and the Developing World: Aid Strategies.

Unit V

Development: Major Approaches: Multi-national Corporations in the Developing Countries.

Suggested Readings :

1. Sushila Agrawal : Third World and New International Order, Alekha Publishers, Manohar Building, M.I. Road, Jaipur, 1985.
2. Sushila Agrawal : Super Powers & the Third World, Alekh Publishers, Jaipur, 1985.
3. Richard E. Feinberg : The Intemperate Zone - The Third World Challenge to the U.S. Foreign Policy, W.W. Norton & Co., New York, 1983.
4. Minco Masani & Gottfried Guest (Eds) : Global problems of our Age Progress Publishers, Moscow, 1981 (Especially for the Chapter on the Third World, Multinations in Developing).
5. N.N. Jonzemtsev : Global problems of our Age Progress Publishers, Moscow, 1981 (Especially for the Chapter on the Third World, Multinations in Developing).
6. Surinder, P.S. Pruthi : Countries (Leslie Sawheny Programme for Training in Democracy), Bombay, 1974.
7. Louis Turner : Multinational Companies of the Third World, London, 1979.
8. P. Worsley : The Third World, Chicago, 1964.
9. G.H. Jansen : Afro-Asia and Non-Alignment, London, 1966.
10. M.S. Rajan, Shivaji : India and International System, Ganguli & S. GuptaVikas, 1980.
11. Dewan, C. Bohra : India's Aid Diplomacy in the Third World, Vikas, 1980.
12. Fred Carrier : The Third World Revolution, B.R. Griner, Amsterdam, 1976.
13. Mohd. Bediaoni : Towards New International Economic Order, Oxford and I.B.H. Publishing, 1982.
14. Ronald a. Chilcote : Theories of Development, & Dale L. Johnson Sage Publications.
15. W. Scot Thompson: The Third World: Premises of U.S. (Ed)Policy, Sen Francisco, 1973.

16. Anatoly Gromyko : African Countries Foreign Policy, Progress Publishers, Mascow.
17. Calvoz Tr. by M.J. : Politics and Society in the Third O'Connell Worlds, Orbis Books, New York.
18. P.D. Sharma : तृतीय विश्व (राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर)
19. Sanjay Lodha : The Communist Tug of War in Indio-China, 1997, Printwell, Jaipur.
20. Arun Chaturvedi : Indian Foreign Policy & The & Sanjay Lodha Emerging World Order, (Eds.) 1997, Printwell, Jaipur.
21. Susheela Agarwal, : Africa in the 21st Century, Arun Chaturvedi 1998, Printwell, Jaipur. & S. Lodha

PAPER-B (6)

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: 1919-1945

Unit I

International Relations - Definition and Scope, Objectives of its Study, Paris Peace Settlement: The Fourteen points and Peace Treaties; The League of Nations.

Unit II

The French Search for Security; Reparation And Disarmament. Rise of Fascism in Italy and its impact on the Foreign Policy of Italy. Deuce and Young Plans. The Geneva protocol, Locarno Treaties and the Pact of Paris.

Unit III

The Foreign Policies of U.S.A. and USSR (1919-1939): The Attitudes of U.S.A. and USSR towards the League of Nations, Crisis in the Far East; China After the Washington Conference, Manchurian Crisis.

Unit IV

Breakdown of the Collective Security System: The World Economic Crisis of 1929, Nazi Revolution - Violation of the Treaties and Ansohluss, Abyssinian Crisis, the Spanish Civil War, Munich Pact and Soviet-Nazi, Non-Aggression Pact; Failure of the League.

Unit V

Genesis of the UN: Atlantic Charter, Yalta Conference, San Francisco Conference the Structure of Power at the End of the Second World War.

Suggested Readings :

1. Carr, E.H. : International Relations between the Two World Wars, London, Macmillan, English & Hindi Editions.
2. Gathorne- : Short History of International Affairs Hardy, G.M.1920-39, Oxford Uni. Press, London, English & Hindi Editions.
3. Scnuman, F.L. : International Politics, McGraw Hill, New York, English & Hindi Edition.
4. Kennan, G.F. : Soviet Foreign Policy, 1917-1941, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co. Ltd., London.
5. Langsam, W.C. : The World since 1919, Collier Mac Millan Publishers, London.
6. Gupta, D.C. : International Relations, Metropolitan Book Co., Delhi.
7. Sen, Asit Kumar : International Relations since World War-I, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi-55.
8. Dhar, S.N. : International Relations and World Politics since 1919, Kalyani Publisher, Delhi & Ludhiana.
9. Kennan, G.F. : Russia and the West under Lenin and Stalin, Ban Vostrand Reinhold Co. Ltd., London.
10. Sir Alfred : The League of Nations and Rule Law, Russel Bertrand Zimmern Peace Foundation, Nottingham.
11. Churchill, W.C. : The Second World War, Abridged Single Volume Edition.
12. Churchill, H.Fies : The War they Waged and the Roosevelt & Stalin Peace they Sought, Princeton, 1957.
13. Hargovind Pant : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध अधुनातन परिपेक्ष में, राजनीति विज्ञान विभाग राजस्थान विश्वविद्यालय, जयपुर
14. Deena Nath Verma : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति, ज्ञानदा प्रकाशन, पटना
15. Haridutt Vedhanlaker : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध, सरस्वती सदन, मसूरी
16. P.D. Kaushik : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध केसयाजी पब्लिशर्स, दिल्ली व लुधियाना

PAPER-B (7)
INDIA IN WORLD AFFAIRS

Unit I

Bases, Determinants and Objective of Indian Foreign Policy; Making of Foreign Policy in India; Evolution of Indian Foreign Policy; The Personality Factor in Indian Foreign Policy.

Unit II

India and Western World, India in the Commonwealth, India and the United States; India and Russia, India and Europe: EEC, Indo-British Relations, Indo-French Relations and Indo-German Relations.

Unit III

India and Her Neighbours: Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bangladesh; India in SAARC; Religio-Ethnic Dimension of Indian foreign Policy.

Unit IV

India and China, India and Japan, India and West Asia (Specially the Arab World); OPEC, Gulf Crisis, Palestine Problem, Indian Relations with Israel; India and Africa, Apartheid.

Unit V

Major Issues and Indian Foreign Policy: Disarmament and Nuclear Non-Proliferation, India Ocean, Human Rights, New International Economic Order, South-South Dialogue, GATT, Economic and Cultural Diplomacy, Commonwealth, Non-aligned Movement, United Nations.

Suggested Readings :

1. Appadorai, A. & Arora, V.K. : India in World Affairs, 1957-58, New Delhi, 1975.
2. Bandopadhyaya, J.: The Making of India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi, 1984.
3. Brecher, Michael : India and World Politics: Krishan Menon's View of the World, Lond, 1961.
4. Gupta, Sisir : India and Regional Integration in Asia, Bombay, 1964.
5. Heimsath, C.H.& Mansingh, S. : A Diplomatic History of Modern India, Bombay, 1964.
6. Dundra, J.G. : Indian Foreign Policy, Groningen, 1955.
7. Lohia, R.M. : Foreign Policy, New Delhi, 1963.
8. Maxwell, N. : India-China War, Penguin, 1972.
9. Misra, K.P. : Foreign Policy and its Planning, New Delhi, 1970.
10. --do-- (Ed) : Studies in Indian Foreign Policy, New Delhi, 1970.

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| 11. --do-- (Ed) | : Foreign Policy of India: A Book of Readings, New Delhi, 1977. | 22. Brands, W.J. | : India, Pakistan and the Great Powers, New York, 1972. |
| 12. Nehru, J.L. | : India's Foreign Policy, Delhi, 1961. | 23. Gangal, S.C. | : India and the Commonwealth, Agra, 1970. |
| 13. Panikkar, K.M. | : India and the Indian Ocean, London, 1951. | 24. Hussain, K.T. | : Sino-Indian Conflict and International Politics in the Indian Subcontinent, Faridabad, 1973. |
| 14. Prasad, Bimla | : The Origins of Indian Foreign Policy, Calcutta, 1960. | 25. Nanda, B.R. (Ed) | : India's Foreign Policy: The Nehru, Years, 1975. |
| 15. Rajan, M.S. | : India in World Affairs, 1954-56, Bombay, 1966. | 26. Chaturvedi, A. & Lodha, S. (Ed) | : Indian Foreign Policy in the Emerging World Order, Printwell, Jaipur, 1998. |
| 16. Rana, A.P. | : The Imperatives of Non Alignment, Delhi, 1976. | | |
| 17. Kumar, Satish | : Year Book on India's Foreign Policy, Vol. 1-9, New Delhi. | | |
| 18. Sen Gupta, B. | : Nuclear Weapons, New Delhi, 1983. | | |
| 19. Rais, R.B. | : The Indian Ocean and the Super Powers, Islamabad, 1987. | | |
| 20. Mansingh, S. | : India's Search for Power, New Delhi, 1984. | | |
| 21. Shukul, H.C. | : India's Foreign Policy, 1993. | | |

GROUP-C

PAPER-C (1)

GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS OF SOUTH ASIA

Government and Politics of Pakistan, Bangladesh, India, Sri Lanka and Nepal has to be studied.

Unit I

Landmarks in Constitutional and Political Development, Ecology and Political Culture: Elements - Nature and Extent of Change.

Unit II

Nature of Political System: An Outline of the constitutional framework, Governmental Institutions.

Unit III

Politics: Institution and Processes; Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Elections.

Unit IV

Foreign Policy

Unit V

Economics Development and Social Change, Nature of Politics, Style and Determinants.

Core Books

1. Palmer, N.D. : Indian Political System.

2. Sayeed, K.B. : The Political System of Pakistan, Hughton Mufin Co., Boston, 1967.
3. Wriggins, H. : Ceylon: Dilemmas of a New Nation.
4. Gupta, A. : Politics in Nepal, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1974.

Suggested Readings :

1. Jones, M. : Government and Politics of India
2. Borys, K.V. : Political Development in Pakistan.
3. Ahmed, Mushtaq : Government & Politics in Pakistan
4. Kodikara, S.U. : Indo-Ceylon Relations since Independence, Comorbo, 1965.
5. Rose, Saul : Politics in Southern Asia, Macmillan, 1967.
6. Hardgrave, R.L. : India: Government and Politics in Developing Nation.

Selected Journals

1. Asian Survey
2. Journals of asian Studies
3. Pacific Affairs
4. Orbis
5. Current History
6. South Asian Studies

PAPER-C (2)
GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS OF
SOUTH-EAST ASIA

Government and Politics of Thailand, Malaysia, Burma, Indonesia and Vietnam has to be studied.

Unit I

Landmarks in constitutional and political development. Ecology and Political Culture - elements, Nature and Extent of Change, nature of Political System.

Unit II

An Outline of the Constitutional Framework, Governmental Institutions.

Unit III

Political Institutions and processes: Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Elections.

Unit IV

Foreign Policies.

Unit V

Economic Development and Social Change. Nature of Politics, Style and Determinants.

Suggested Readings

1. Almond, G.A. (Ed) : The Politics of the Developing Areas, Princeton, 1960.

2. Kohin, G.Mc Trnan : Government and Politics of South East Asia, 1959.
3. Bone, R.C. : Contemporary South-East Asia, New York.
4. Russel, F. : The Diplomacy of South-East Asia, 1955-58, Harper, 1958.
5. Rose, Saul : Socialism in South-East Asia.
6. P.Harrison : South-East Asia: A Short History, 1954.
7. Jhaveri, Satyavati: Presidency in Indonesia Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
8. Lodha, S. : The Communist Tug of War in Indo- China, Printwell, Jaipur, 1997.

Selected Journals

1. Asian survey
2. Journal of Asian Studies
3. Pacific Affairs
4. Current History

PAPER-C (3)

GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS OF WEST ASIA

Government and Politics of Iran, Iraq, Syria, Israel, Lebanon and Egypt has to be studied.

Unit I

Landmarks in constitutional and Political Development, Ecology and Political Culture; Elements, Nature and Extent of Change.

Unit II

Nature of Political System, An outline of the Constitutional Framework, Governmental Institutions.

Unit III

Political Institutions and Processes: Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Elections.

Unit IV

Foreign policy

Unit V

Economic Development and Social Change, Nature of Politics: Style and Determinants.

Suggested Readings :

1. Fisher, S.N. (Ed) : Social Forces in the Middle East, New York, 1935.

2. Hureitiz, J.C. : Middle East Politics, The Military Dimensions, New York, 1969.
3. Majid, K. : Political trends in the Arab World: The Role of Ideas and Ideals in Politics, Baltimore, 1970.
4. Kemal, K.H. : Political and Social thought in the Contemporary Middle East.
5. Rustow, D.A. : "The Politics of the Near East".
6. G.A. Almond & J.S. Coleman : Politics of the Developing Areas, Princeton, 1962.
7. Saarabhai, H.B. : Government and Politics in the Near East in the Twentieth Century.
8. Agwani, M.S. : West Asia.

GROUP -C (4)

GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS OF AFRICA

Government and Politics of South Africa, Kenya, Namibia, Nigeria, Tanzania, Ethiopia.

Unit I

Historical Profile; Colonialism and its impact on Africa. Struggle for independence and decolonisation.

Unit II

Land marks in constitutional and Political Development; Concept of State: Traditional and Modern, Democracy and Dictatorship.

Unit III

Leadership: Civilian and Military; Governmental institutions, Party Systems and Elections, Political processes.

Unit IV

Foreign Relations; Non-alignment, OAU, Racialism in South Africa and Namibia- its impact.

Unit V

Economic Development and Social Change; Neo-colonialism; Dependencies; Role of UNO, Corruption.

Suggested Readings :

1. J.A. Hobsan, Imperialism : A Study, 1948.
2. Roger Owen and Bob Sutliff- studies in the Theory Imperialism, 1982.
3. Shanti Sadiq Ali (ed.) Gandhi and South Africa
4. Basil Davidson, The story of Africa, 1984.
5. James Barber, South Africa in the Post Cold War period, 1997.
6. K. Busia, Africa in Search of Democracy.
7. Patrick Chabal, Political Domination in Africa: Reflections on the Limits of Power, 1986.
8. T.O. Elias, Govt. and Politics in Africa.
9. Hedley Bull and Adam Watson (ed.) The Expansion of International Society, 1984.
10. Water Rodney, How Europe under developed Africa, 1972.
11. Barry Buzar, People, States and Fear : An Agenda for International Security Studies in the Post-Cold War Era, 1997.
12. Agarwal S, Chaturvedi A and Lodha S, Africa in the 21st Century, 1998.

GROUP- D
PAPER-D (1)
THEORY AND PRACTICE OF
FEDERALISM

Unit I

Growth of Federalism in India

Unit II

The Federal Structure and its Working

Unit III

Achievements and Problems of Indian Federalism

Unit IV

Coalition Government at the Centre and the Role of Regional Parties

Unit V

A Comparative Study of Federations: India, U.S.A., Canada and the U.S.S.R. (Broad Features only).

Suggested Readings :

1. Roy, A. : Tension Areas in India's Federal System.
2. Santhanam, K. : Union-State Relations in India.

3. Wheare, K.C. : Federalism
4. Srinivas, M.N. : The Nature and Problems of Indian Unity.
5. Jones, M. : The Government and Politics of India
6. Bombwal, K.R. : The Foundation of Indian Federalism
7. Hardgrave, R.L. : India: Government and Politics in a Developing Nation.
8. Verma, S.L. : 'संघवाद' Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.
9. Khan Rashiduddin : Federal India: A Design for Change.

PAPER-D (2)

PARTIES AND PRESSURE GROUPS IN INDIA

Unit I

Role of Parties in Political system: Conceptual Analysis, Theory of Single Dominant Party System.

Unit II

National Political parties. : Their Origins, Changing Pattern of their Programmes through the General Elections: their Structure and Organisation: Ideology and Performance.

Unit III

Regional Political parties, especially D.M.K., Akali Dal and Jharkhand: their Origin, the Changing Pattern of their Programme through the General Election, the structure and Organization.

Unit IV

Political Parties and General Elections: Their Pattern of Power Alignments: Gain and Shortfalls.

Unit V

Major Pressure Groups in India with special reference to Trade Union, Student Federations, Chambers of Commerce.

Suggested Readings :

1. Myron Weiner : Party system in India
2. Myron Weiner : Politics of Scarcity
3. Myron Weiner : State Politics in India
4. Iqbal Narain : State Politics in India
5. Baxter : Jana Sangh
6. L.P. Sinha : The left in India
7. Sirsikar : Political Behaviour in India
8. Baxter : Swatantra Party in India
9. Babulal Fadia : Pressure groups in India Politics Radiant 1980.
10. Spratt : D.M.K.
11. Pattabhiram : General Election in India.
12. Mukheyu Singh : Democracy and Social Changes in India, Sage 1998
13. Frankel Rao : Dominance Diversity in Indian Practices

PAPER-D (3)

STATE POLITICS IN INDIA

Unit I

The integration of the Princely States. The Linguistic States: State Recognition and its Aftermath. Creation of states: Problems and Prospects.

Unit II

Governor in the State Politics: Different Roles of the Governor, Governor During Emergency, Governor as an Agent of the Centre and the Custodian of the State, Emerging Trends in the Governor's Office.

The Council of Ministers and the Chief Minister : Nature, Role and Functions with Special Reference to the latest Developments.

Unit III

Legislature in State Politics: Composition and role of the State legislature. Legislative organisation and procedure, Party Politics in State Legislature, The Governor and Council of Ministers in Legislative Decision-making.

Unit IV

Participation in State Politics - Nature and Political Participation, General Elections and State Legislature. Democratic Processes and Panorama of State Politics.

Unit V

Main Current in State Politics with Special Reference to:

- (a) Multiplication of Regional Conflicts
- (b) Regional Pressures
- (c) Centre-State relations: Historical, Legal, Sociological and Dynamic Aspects, Inter-Regional Conflicts.

Suggested Readings :

1. Iqbal Narain & Others : State Politics in India
2. Myron Weiner : State Politics in India
3. R.S. Darda : From Feudalism to Democracy
4. Rajni Kothari : Party and Election Studies
5. Rajni Kothari : Politics in India
6. Ramkrishan Nair : How the Communists Came to Power in Kerala
7. Spraft : D.M.K. in Power
8. Durgadas : From Curzon to Nehru
9. D.C. Pavte : My Days as Governor

PAPER-D (4)

INDIAN ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEM

Unit I

Evaluation of Indian Administration, British Influence on Indian Administration.

Impact of Constitutional Framework on Administration
Provision of the Constitution, Dealing with Administration, Federalism and Administration.

Unit II

Study of Organisation and Working of the Central Administration : Prime Minister, Council of Ministers, Cabinet Secretariat, Organisation and Functions of the Ministries of Home Affairs, Defence, Foreign Affairs and Finance.

Outline study of Administration at the State Level with Special Reference to the State Secretariat and Departments of Home, Finance and Agriculture.

Unit III

A study of District Administration in India with Special Reference to the Role of Collector, Revenue Administration and Development Administration. Planning Commission and National Development Council of India.

An outline of Public Personnel Administration in India, Specialist-Generalist Relationship.

Unit IV

Control over Indian Administration : Minister and the Civil Servants, Parliamentary Control over Administration, Judicial Control over Administration, Review of Administrative discretion and the Institution of 'Lokpal' and 'Lokayukta'.

Unit V

Financial Administration - Formation of Budget, Approval of Budget and Execution of Budget, Budgetary Control, Parliamentary Control over Finance. Comptroller and Auditor General of India, Finance Commission, Organisation and Administration of State Enterprises, Department, Management, Companies and Public Corporations.

Suggested Readings :

1. Ashok Chandra : Indian Administration
2. Ashok Chandra : Federalism in India
3. S.S. Khera : District Administration in India
4. Ministry of Home Affairs : Organisation of Department: Ministers in the Government of India.
5. Ranjeet Singh Darda : भारत में लोक प्रशासन
6. Prabhu Dutt Sharma : भारत में लोक प्रशासन

7. K. Santhanam : Union-State Relations in India
8. Paul H. Appleby : Public Administration for Welfare State
9. D.P. Singh : Problems of Public Administration of India.
10. IIPA : The Organisation of the Government of India.

Reports

1. Government of Rajasthan : The Fourth Five Year Plan (Draft Chapters on Implementing of Fourth Plan).
2. Administrative Reforms : (Various Reports)
3. A.D. Gorwalla : Public Administration (Planning Commission, 1951).
4. Paul H. Appleby : Public Administration in India, Report of a Survey (Government of India, 1953).
5. Paul H. Appleby : Re-examination of Indian Administrative System (Government of India, 1956).

PAPER-IX

The student will be required to offer only one of the following Two Papers or dissertation [only those students who have obtained 50% and above marks in M.A. (Previous) Exam. can opt dissertation].

PAPER-IX (A)

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Unit I

Nature of social Research; Interplay between Theory and Research; Pure and Applied Research, Methodological Problems in the Study of Social Phenomena. Theory building in Political Science and the problems associated with it.

Unit II

Formulation of Research Design; Definition of the Problem; Concept -Formation and Hypotheses, Units of Study and Sampling.

Unit III

Data: Primary and Secondary; Collection of Data Techniques: Questionnaire, Schedule, Interviewing Observation and Content Analysis, Case Study Method - Its Role and Significance in Political Science.

Unit IV

Data Analysis: Editing, Property - space, Classification, Codification and Tabulation. Data Interpretation and Report Writing.

Unit V

Problems of Measurement in Social Research: Mean, Mode, median, Chi-square and Standard Deviation etc.

Suggested Readings :

1. Galtung, John : Theory and Methods to Social Research (London, 1970).
2. Moser, C.A. and Kalton, G. : Survey Methods in Social Investigation (London, 1971).
3. Shibely W. Philips : The Craft of Political Research.
4. Miller, D.C. : Handbook of Research Design and Social Measurement.
5. Dr. S.P. Arya : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण की पद्धतियां
6. James, C. : Contemporary Political Analysis Charlesworth (Ed.) (The Free Press, New York).
7. Stephen, L. Wasby : Political Science: The Discipline and its Dimensions: An Introduction (New York, Charles Scribener's Sons).
8. Charles, H. Backstorm & Gerald d. Hursch : Survey Research (North-Western University Press).
9. Goode and Hatt : Methods in Social Research (McGraw Hill Book Company, Tokyo).
10. Dennis J. Patumbo : Statistics in Political and Behavioral Science (Appleton Century - Corft. New York).
11. हेलन एवं प्रसाद : सामाजिक अनुसंधान, रस्तोगी, पब्लिशर्स, शिवाजी रोड, मेरठ, 1973
12. रामनाथ शर्मा : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण एवं अनुसंधान (राजहंस प्रकाशन मन्दिर, मेरठ)
13. डॉ. आर. एन. त्रिवेदी एवं डॉ. डी. पी. शुक्ला : रिसर्च मेथडोलोजी, कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर, 1989
14. पारसनाथ राय : अनुसंधान परिचय (लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा -3)
15. सत्यपाल रुहेला : सर्वेक्षण, अनुसंधान और सांख्यिकी, विकास पब्लिशिंग हाऊस, दिल्ली, 1970
16. रविन्द्रनाथ मुखर्जी : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण व शोध (सरस्वती सदन, दिल्ली)
17. बी. एम. जैन : रिसर्च मेथडोलोजी (रिसर्च पब्लिकेशन, जयपुर)
18. श्यामलाल वर्मा : राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान प्रविधि, राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर

PAPER-IX (B)

ADVANCE INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

- Unit I :** Kautilya, Manu, Shukra
- Unit II :** Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Arbindo Ghosh.
- Unit III :** Gopal Krishna Gokhale, Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Mahatma Gandhi.
- Unit IV :** Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru, Jai Prakash Narain, Ram Manohar Lohia.
- Unit V :** M.N. Roy, Mohammed Iqbal, V.D. Savarkar.

Core Books

- Verma, V.P. : Modern Indian Political Thought
- Karunakaran, K.P. : Continuity and change in Indian Politics
- Buch, M.M. : Rise and Growth of Indian Liberalism
- Buch, M.M. : Rise and Growth of Militant Nationalism.

Additional Readings:

- Mathur, D.B. : Gokhale: Political Biography
Lal Bahadur: Muslim League
- Raman Murti : Non-violence in Politics

- Shay : The Legacy of Lokmanya
- Karan Singh : Aurobindo- The Prophet of Indian Nationalism
- Das, D.A. : The Political Philosophy of Jawahar Lal Nehru
- Sharma, B.S. : The Political Philosophy of M.N. Roy.
- Dhawan : Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi
- Arora, V.K. : The Social and Political Philosophy of Vivekandanda.
- Dr. Kanhaiya Lal Rajpurohit : Philosophical Nationalism (Hindi).

M.PHIL EXAMINATION : 2004-2005

The M.Phil course in Political Science will comprise of 5 papers including dissertation which will be equivalent to 2 papers. Each paper will be of 3 hours duration and will carry 80 marks. There will be internal assessment of 20 marks in each paper. Dissertation will be of 200 marks.

Students will be required to offer the core course in RESEARCH METHODOLOGY and any two of the following papers in different groups (but not more than one from any single group):

PAPER – I : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (COMPULSORY)

PAPER - II and III

GROUP-A : POLITICAL THEORY

- Paper I : Twentieth century Political Thought
Paper II : Specialized and imperative study of Political Thinkers of Texts.

GROUP-B : INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

- Paper I : Problems of Contemporary International Politics.
Paper II : Foreign Policies of Super Powers.
Paper III : Foreign Policy of India.
Paper IV : Quest for Peace and Peace Research.

GROUP-C : INDIAN POLITICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEM

- Paper I : Parliamentary System in India.
Paper II : Federalism in India.
Paper III : Bureaucracy and Policy Making in India.
Paper IV : District Administration and Local Politics in India.

Following are the detailed outlines of the course which will be taught in 2004-2005:

PAPER-I : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (COMPULSORY)

Unit I

Nature of social research-inter-play between theory and research-pure and applied research, Methodological problems in the study of social phenomena, theory building in Political Science and the problems associated with it.

Unit II

Formulation of research design: definition of the Problem-concept formation and hypotheses units of study and sampling.

Unit III

Primary and Secondary data, Source of Collection of Data. Tools of data collection: Observation, case study

method, interview, questionnaire, schedule and content analysis method - its role and significance in Political Science.

Unit IV

Data Analysis: Editing, proper - space, classification, codification and Tabulation, Data interpretation and report writing.

Unit V

Problem of measurement in social research: Mean, Mode, Median, chi-square and standard deviation etc.

Suggested Readings :

1. Galtung, John : Theory and Methods to Social Research (London 1970).
2. Moser, C.A. and Kalton, G. : Survey Methods in Social/ Investigation (London 1971).
3. Shively W. Philips : The Craft of Political Research.
4. Miller, D.C. : Handbook of Research Design and Social Measurement.
5. डॉ. एस. पी. आर्य : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण की पद्धतियाँ
6. James C. Charlesworth, (Ed.) : Contemporary Political Analysis (Thefree Press, New York).

7. Stephen L. Wesby : Political Science: The discipline and its Dimensions: An Introduction (New York / Charles Scribener's Sons).
8. Charles, H. Gerlad D. Hurish : Survey Research (North Western Bachstorm & University Press).
9. Goode and Hatt : Methods in Social Research (Mc Graw Hill Book Company, Tokyo).
10. Dennis, J. Palumbo : Statistics in Political and Behavioral Science (Appleton-Century-Croft, New York).
11. Shyam Lal Verma : Adhunik Rajneetik Siddant (Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut).
12. हेलन एवं प्रसाद : सामाजिक अनुसंधान (रस्तोगी पब्लिशर्स) शिवाजी रोड, मेरठ-2, 1973
13. रामनाथ शर्मा : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण एवं अनुसंधान (राजहंस प्रकाशन मन्दिर, मेरठ)
14. पारसनाथ राय : अनुसंधान परिचय (लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा-3)

15. सत्यपाल रुहेला : सर्वेक्षण, अनुसंधान और सांख्यिकी, (विकास पब्लिशिंग हाऊस, दिल्ली -1970)
16. रविन्द्रनाथ मुखर्जी : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण व शोध, (सरस्वती सदन दिल्ली)
17. बी. एम. जैन : रिसर्च मेथोडोलोजी (रिसर्च पब्लिकेशंस, जयपुर)
18. श्याम लाल वर्मा : राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान प्रविधियाँ।
19. डॉ. आर. एन. त्रिवेदी : रिसर्च मेथडोलोजी, कॉलेज बुक डिपो, एवं डॉ. पी. शुक्ला जयपुर

GROUP-A : POLITICAL THEORY

PAPER-A (I)

TWENTIETH CENTURY POLITICAL THOUGHT

The student should be able to discuss both in analytical and historical terms the main trends in twentieth century political thought with special reference to the following texts:

Text Prescribed:

1. Lenin : On Imperialism
2. Mao : New Democracy and the Peasant Revolution Humans in Selected Works.
3. Laski : A Grammar of Politics I
4. Rawls : Justice As Fairness
5. Dijlas : The B New Class
6. Garaudy : The Turning Point of Socialism
7. Sartre : The Problem Method.
8. Marcuse : One dimensional Man.
9. Hayek : The Road to Serfdom.
10. Oakeshott : Rationalism in Politics.

11. Easton : The Political System.
12. Almond : His Essay in Pol. Dev. in the Civic Culture (Sidny Verba)
13. Gandhi : Selected Writings.
14. M.N. Roy : Parties, Politics and Power (Calcutta, 1960).
15. Sri Aurobindo : The Human Cycle.

Additional Readings:

1. R. Prece : Contemporary French Political Thought.
2. Gould and Thursby (Ed.) : Modern Political Thought
3. G. Lichtheim : Maxism.
4. I. Deustehar : Ironies of History.
5. Burns : Ideas in Conflict

PAPER-A (II)

**SPECIALISED AND COMPARATIVE
STUDY OF POLITICAL THINKERS AND
TEXTS**

A detailed, specialised and Comparative study of Political ideas of Texts of Thinkers from any one of the following groups:

- a. i. Gokhale G.K.
- ii. Shri Aurobindo
- iii. M.N. Roy
- b. i. M.K. Gandhi
- ii. Jawaharlal Nehru
- III. Jai Prakash.

GROUP-B : INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

PAPER-B (I)

PROBLEMS OF CONTEMPORARY INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

I. What is International Politics: Nature and scope; Development of studies; Is International politics an independent discipline? Different terms and their meaning.

II. Cold War and Military Alliances:

1. Origins and Early Years of the Cold War: Potsdam; Atom Bomb; Truman doctrine and Marshall Plan.
2. Cold War in the fifties; Soviet advance in Eastern Europe; Vendenberg Resolution; German Stalemate NATO; Korean War and its Aftermath; Death of Stalin and the new leadership in USSR; Warsaw Pact; Hungary; Soviet overtures to Cuba.
3. Cold War in the sixties: Soviet ultimatum on Germany; Cuban Missile Crisis; Sino Soviet Schism; Fear of Thermonuclear War; Losening of Intra-bloc cohesion; Towards Detente.
4. Cold War and Detente in the seventies: Nuclear Stalemate; Common interests in Non-proliferation and Arms Limitation; Indian Ocean Rivalry; Future of Cold War and detente.

III. Disarmament and Arms Control : Meaning and Implication; Multiplication and Increasing sophistication of armaments; Partical Test Ban Treaty (PTBT) Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT); SALT Agreements: Other Disarmament and Arms Control Measures; Current Military Balance; Prospects and Possibilities.

IV. Decolonization and Asian-African-Resurgence : Britain and India; Pakistan; Burma and Ceylon; Indonesia and Malaysia; British Retreat from Africa and the Rhodesian Issue; End of French and Belgian Empires; Portuguese Withdrawal, Decolonisation.

V. Non-Alignment : Meaning and Implication; Growth and Problems of Non-Alignment; Successive Conferences at Bandung, Belgrade, Cairo, Lusake, and Algiers; India and Non-Alignment.

VI. Experiments in Regional/Multinational Cooperation: Role of Regional Associations: Structure and character of OAU, OAS, the Commonwealth and EEC: India and the Commonwealth.

VII. World Energy Crisis and International Politics : Nature and Origin of the Crisis; Oil Diplomacy; Super Power Response to the Crisis; Third World and Energy Crisis.

VIII. War and Peace in Vietnam and West Asia : Causes of Conflict; Major Battles; Efforts for Settlement; Current situation and Prospects.

IX. Conflict and Cooperation in the Indian Subcontinent : Forces of Harmony and Discord in the Subcontinent: Indo-Pakistan Cooperations till 1917: Post-19 efforts towards Normalisation and Regional Stability; Hindrances to Normalisation; Current Scene and Prospects.

Suggested Readings :

1. Dhar, S.N. : International Relations and World Politics since, 1919. Bombay, 1967.
2. Halle, L.J. : The Cold War as History, New York, 1967.
3. Hoffman, Stanley : Contemporary Theory in International Relations, Englewood Cliffs, 1960.
4. Jansen, G.H. : Afro-Asia and Non-Alignment
5. Langsam, Walter, C. & O.C. Mitchell : The World Since 1919 (8th Edition), New York, 1917).
6. Luard, E. : The Cold War, London, 1964.
7. Lukacs, J. : The History of the Cold War, New York, 1962.
8. Mayne, R. : The Community of Europe, New York, 1963.

9. Misra, K.P. (Ed.) : Studies in Indian Foreign Policy Delhi, 1971.
10. Morgenthau, Hans, J. : Politics among Nations (2nd Edition) Calcutta, 1967.
11. Naik, J.. : India, Russia, China and Bangladesh, Delhi, 1972.
12. Neuhausser, Charles : Third World Politics, Cambridge, 1968.
13. Northedge, F.S. & M.J. Grieve : A Hundred Years of International Relations, 1971.
14. Palmer, Norman & Howard Perkins : International Relations (Indian Edition) Culcutta, 1969.
15. Schuman, Frederick, L. : International Politics (6th Edition) New York, 1960.
16. Schuman, F.L. : The Cold War, Retrospect & Prospect.
17. Wolfers Arnold (Ed.) : Alliance Policy in the Cold War, Baltimore, 1959.

PAPER-B (II)

FOREIGN POLICIES OF SUPER POWERS

The Syllabus of the paper would broadly cover the following:

(a) The origin of Powers and history of World war; the foreign policy of the United States: National Interests and commitments - foreign policy decision making, hierarchy -- the Processes and Limitations of foreign policy making.

(b) The foreign policy of the Soviet Union-National interest, commitments and ideologies- the foreign policy decision-making hierarchy and foreign policy processes.

(c) Super-Powers and south and West Asia in the specific context of strategic, political and economic stakes.

(d) Super-powers and the tools of their foreign policies with special reference to South and west Asia: Diplomacy cultural and economic, foreign aid and trade; supply of armaments etc.

(e) The relations of the Super powers with the Governments, Political Parties, and the revolutionary movements in South and West Asia.

Suggested Readings :

1. Fortaine, Andre : History of the Cold War: From the Korean War to the Present (London, 1970).
2. Hurewitz, J.C.(Ed.): Soviet American Rivalry in the Middle East (New York, 1969).
3. Bavaja, Balvant : The Politics of Triangle; The Alignment Pattern in South Asia.
4. H.K. Jacobson (Ed.): America's Foreign Policy.
5. Robinson, A.Z. (Ed.): The Foreign Policy of the Soviet Union.

Suggested Journals:

1. Foreign Affairs.
2. Asian Survey.
3. International Studies.

PAPER B (III)
FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA

The paper would broadly cover the following:

Unit I

The birth of Indian National Congress and the evolution of India's world view-the geographical, cultural and economic foundations of India's foreign policy.

Unit II

The foreign policy decision making, structure and processes. The concept and role of non-alignment in Indian foreign policies.

Unit III

India's relationship with USA, USSR, Russia, China and Pakistan.

Unit IV

India's relations with Africa, West Asia, South East Asia, Latin America, Europe.

Unit V

India's diplomacy at the United Nations. Implications of the development of nuclear technology for India's foreign policy, economic diplomacy, SAARC and India's role in the regional politics of South Asia.

Suggested Readings :

1. Eckelen, Van : Indian Foreign Policy. W.F.
2. Barkes, Ross N. & Mohinder S. Bedi : The Diplomacy of India.
3. D. Bowless, : Ambassador's Report, New York, 1954. Chester
4. Gupta, : India's Foreign Policy in Karunakaran : Defence of National OInterest Calcutta, 1956.
5. A. Appadorai and : India's Foreign Policy. M.S. Rajan
6. S.S. Bindra : India and her neighbours (Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi-27).
7. India's Foreign : Selected Speeches by Policy Jawaharlal Nehru, Govern-ment of India Publication, 1961.
8. Karunakaran, K. : Indian in World Affairs, August 1947. January 1950, Calcuta, 1952, India in World Affairs, 1950-1953, Calcutta, 1950.
9. Rajkumar, N.C.V. : The Background of India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi, 1952. (Ed.)
10. Chaturvedi & : India's Foreign Policy and the Lodha (Ed.) Emerging World Order, 1998.

Suggested Journals:

1. India Quarterly.
2. International Studies.
3. Foreign Affairs.

PAPER - B (IV) : QUEST FOR PEACE AND PEACE STUDIES

1. Peace - Its meaning and implications - Positive and negative peace.
2. Meaning of Violence-Direct and Structural Violence.
3. Conflict-Conflict Management and Conflict Resolution.
4. Globalization - Interdependence.
5. East-West Confrontation and North-South Disparity.
6. Dominance and Dependence - question of Enquiry and Structural Change.
7. World Military Order-Arms Transfer to Third World.
8. Arms Control and Disarmament-Political Strategies for disarmament.
9. Disarmament strategies and alternative Defence Policies.
10. Development-Two Decades of Development-Its results and assessment-Crisis in Development-Dependent Development.
11. Limits to Growth-Visions of New World. World Order - Model Project (WOMP).
12. Peace Movements-Grass-Roots Movements.

Suggested Readings:

1. Saul Mendlovitz : On the Creation of Just World Order (Free Press, 1975).
2. Richard Flak : A Study of Future Worlds (Free Press, 1975).
3. Johan Galtung : The True Worlds (Free Press, 1979).
4. Ioan Bondurant : The Conquest of Violence (Barkeley, 1965).
5. Willy Brandt : North-South -A Programme for Survival.
6. Alva Myrdal : The Game of disarmament (Pantheon Books, N.Y., 1976).
7. Gene Sharp : The Politics of Non-Violent Action-3 Parts (Sargent Porter, Boston, 1974).
8. Mahendra Kumar : Current Peace Research and India (Gandhian Institute of Studies, Rajghat Varanasi, 1968).
9. Mahendra Kumar : Violence and Non-Violence in International Relations (Thomson Press, Delhi, 1975).

10. D.N. Pathak : Intimations of a Peaceful Society (Peace Research Centre, Gujarat Vidyapith, Navjivan Press, 1985).

Journals :

1. Alternatives (Editor Rajni Kothari and Others) Centre for the Study of Developing Societies 29 Rajpur Road, N. Delhi-54).
2. Peace Research Abstracts Journal : Peace Research Institute, 25 Dundana Avenue, Dundas, ontario, Canade(94 4E5).
3. Journal of Peace Research (From Oslo, Norway) (Journal of Peace Research Publications, 200 Meacham Elmont, N.Y. 1100 3).

GROUP - C
INDIAN POLITICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEMS

Paper - C (I)
PARLIAMENTARY SYSTEM IN INDIA

Unit I

Nature of Indian Political System - Approaches to the Study of Indian Govt. and Politics.

The Ordering Framework-Nature of constitutional system. Efficacy of Westminster Model and the demand for change.

Unit II

Structural Framework and its operating dynamics with special Legacies reference to federalism Parliamentary system, Judiciary Political Socialisation forms and agents of Political Socialisation Forms and agents of Political Socialisation Continuity and discontinuity in socialisation.

Unit III

Political culture and Belief, Typology.

Unit IV

Legal Culture and Social change - The role of Panchayats. Pandits and Professionals, traditional and Modern Justics.

Unit V

The anglicisation of brahmanical canonical law. nation Building and Political Development.

Suggested Readings :

1. A.K. Hanson & Janet Douglas : Indian Democracy.
2. W.H. Morres-Jones : The Govt. and Politics of India.
3. Lloyd Rudolph and Snsanne Rudolph Lloyd : The Modernly of Tradition.
4. G.S. Deol : National Building & Political Development.
5. Norman D. Palmer: Indian Political System.
6. Granville, Austin : Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation (Oxford, 1972).
7. Gupta, K. Surendra: Citizens in Making (National Delhi, 1975).

Journals Suggested:

1. Political Science Review.
2. Indian Journal of Political Science.
3. Pacific Affairs.
4. Asian Survey.

PAPER-C (II): FEDERALISM IN INDIA

Unit I

Classical and Modern Theories of Federalism; Indian Federalism: its evolution and unique Characteristics. The constitutional frame of centre state relations, emergency provisions.

Unit II

The Infrastructure of Indian Federalism. The role of Planning Commission, National Development Council (NDC) - Governor in Union State Relations, Supreme Court as Guardian of Federal System.

Unit III

Working of Indian Federal System during Nehru, Janata regime and Indira Gandhi Period. Non-Congressism and Federal Government of India, Coalition Governments at the State and Centre level and its impact on Indian federalism.

Unit IV

Challenges to India's National Integration - Federal Options to Problems of democracy - Regionalism, Linguism, Communalism and Casteism, Demand for smaller states and tension areas in Indian Federalism.

Unit V

Indian Federal Experiences compared with that of USA, Switzerland and Canada Recent trends in Indian Federalism.

Suggested Readings :

1. Haqi S.A.H. : Federalism in India
2. Santhanam : Union state Relations in India.
3. Siwatch, J.R. : Office of the Governor.
4. Canada A. : Federalism in India.
5. Baxi, Upendra : Supreme Court of India.
6. K.C. Wheare : Federal Government, 1951.
7. Sir Iver Jennings : Some characteristics of the Indian Constitution.
8. D.D. Basu : Commentary on the Constitution of India
9. Living Stone : Federation and Constitutional Change
10. Ashok Chanda : Federation in India, London, 1968
11. Morris Jones : The Government and Politics of India.
12. Zenab Banu (Ed) : Decline and Fall of Indian Politics
13. Rashiduddin Khan: Federal India: A Design for Change
14. K.R. Bombwall : The Foundation of Indian Federalism
15. S.L. Verma : la?kokn
16. Zenab Banu : Communal Politics in India: a Politico-Historical Analysis of Communal riots in post independence India.
17. Sarkaria : Government of India, 1986. Commission Report
18. Rajmannar Committee Report, Government of India, 1971.
19. Babu Lal Fadia : Contemporary Indian Politics.
20. Binod K. Sinha : Governors as a Factor of Indian Federation
21. B.L. Pangaria : State Politics in India

PAPER-C (III) : BUREAUCRACY AND POLICY MAKING IN INDIA

Unit I

Theories of Bureaucracy - Weber, Marton, Blau and Laplambora on Bureaucracy - The Marxian Critique-Issues of Representation, Specialization Accountability and Commitment - Bureaucracy in India-Profiles, Profiles, Porcedures and role performance.

Unit II

Policy matters and Policy making - Ideological and administrative determinants of Public Policy. Policy Planning and Bureaucratic Participation - Policy Planning and Bureaucratic participation - Administrative feed-back and problems at the levels of formulation, implementation and review of public policy in a democratic policy - Bureaucracy as a tool of change in continuity in Public Policy.

Unit III

Bureaucratic perceptions of Democracy and Development in India - Policy Questions and Nature of Interactions between Policy Makers - Relationship of Bureaucracy with Political loaders, Political Parties, and Pressure groups - Organisation of Bureaucracy in India and its response to planned development at Federal, State and district levels.

Unit IV

Dilemmas and Difficulties of Public Servants in Administration of Public Policy - Bureaucracy as a Pressure Group - Bureaucracy and Developmental Process-Administrative Development and Development Administration.

Unit V

A Review of Public Policy documents - Policy evaluation and Policy changes in India during last 30 years-Reorganisation of Policy apparatus - Democratisation of Bureaucracy.

Suggested Readings :

1. Aggeret al, The Rulers and the Ruled.
2. Swardlow I, Development Administration.
3. Braibanti R. Political and Administrative Development.
4. Weidnar, Development Administrative in Asia.
5. Powell Responsible Public Bureaucracy in U.S.
6. Cozier, The Bureaucratic Phenomena.
7. Albrow Bureaucracy.

PAPER-C (IV): DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL POLITICS IN INDIA

Unit I

Concept, Nature and Parameters of District Administration - Evolution and Major land marks in Administrative History - District Administration before and after Independence - District in the Constitutional Democratic, Policy of India, The developmental Thrusts.

Unit II

Organisation of District Bureaucracy at the level of District and Below - The Administrations of land Revenue. Law and order, Civil and Criminal Justice and Development, Emergencies and Social Security - problem areas-Relationship with Panchayati Raj Bodies and Separation of Judiciary.

Unit III

Rural Development and District Administration, C.D. and Panchayati Raj Experiments - Micro and Macro Level Planning - Integral Rural Development-Rural Development and Social Change-Sarvodaya and Antyodaya Experiments.

Unit IV

Rural Development and District Administration, C.D. and Panchayati Raj Experiments - Micro and Macro Level Planning - Integral Rural Development- Rural Develop-

ment and Social Change - Sarvodaya and Antyodaya Experiments.

Unit V

Administrative set up of the district of the future- Three tier Federalism and Constitutional, Administration of Panchayati Raj - Reform in Local Government and rural Administration for rural Development.

Suggested Readings :

1. Khera, S. : District Administration in India.
2. Shukla, L.D. : District Administration.
3. Jain and Chaturvedi : District Administration.
4. Dubhasi P.R. : Rural Development Administration.
5. Khan, W. : Rural Institutions and Agricultural Development.
6. Jain, S.C. : Community Development in India.
7. Reports (B.R. Mehta, Sadiq Ali and Ashok Mehta).

POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA COURSE IN GOOD GOVERNANCE AND DEMOCRATIC DECENTRALIZATION

COURSE LEVEL	:	Post- Graduate Diploma
COURSE TITLE	:	Good Governance and Democratic Decentralization
COURSE CURRICULUM	:	3 Papers and 1 dissertation
Paper -1	:	Theories of Governance
Paper -2	:	Issues of Governance in India
Paper -3	:	Democratic Decentrali- zation in India
Paper -4	:	Compulsory Dissertation
COURSE DURATION	:	One year
COURSE INTAKE	:	20 Students : Graduates from any discipline

Paper I : Theories of Governance

Note : The question paper will be divided into 5 units in accordance with the course contents. Each unit will contain two questions and candidates have to answer one question from each unit. Maximum marks will be 100 and all questions will carry equal marks.

Unit I

Basic political thought of Plato, Aristotle, Kautilya, Machiavelli, Marx and Gandhi.

Unit II

Ideologies of Governance : Liberalism, Idealism, Fascism, Socialism and Anarchism.

Unit III

State: Nature and functions, Welfare State, Democracy: Meaning and nature, process and problems of Democratic expansion.

Unit IV

Good Governance : Meaning, nature and scope; Transparency, Accountability, Civil Society, Social Movements.

Unit V

Globalization and Liberalization, Human Rights. Women Empowerment, Environmental Concerns, Terrorism Development Issues.

Suggested Readings :

1. Sir E. Barker, *The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle*, New York, Dover Publications, 1959.
2. R.N. Beri, *The History of Political Thought. A Short Introduction*, London, Dent, 1977.
3. G. Catlin, *A History of Political Philosophies*, London, George Allen and Unwin, 1950.
4. A.S. Altekar, *State and Government in Ancient India*, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass, 1966.
5. R. Iyer, *The Moral and Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi*, OUP, 1973.
6. L.P. Baradat, *Political Ideologies: Their Origins and Impact*, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1989.
7. F. Cunningham, *Theories of Democracy-A Critical Introduction*, London and New York, Routledge, 2002.
8. D. Held, *Political Theory and the Modern State*, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1989.
9. M. Albgrow and E. King (eds.). *The Global Age*, Cambridge, Polity 1996.
10. R. Cohen and P. Kennedy. *Global Sociology*, London, St. Martin Press 1999.
11. L. Diamond, *Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries*, Boulder Colorado, 1993.
12. S.P. Huntington, *The Third Wave: Democratization in the Late Twentieth Century*, Norman, 1991.
13. R. Halton, *Globalization and the Nation State*, Macmillan 1998.

Paper II : Issues of Governance in India

Note : The question paper shall be divided into 5 units in accordance with the course contents. Each unit will contain two questions and candidates have to answer one question from each unit. Maximum marks will be 100 and all questions will carry equal marks.

Unit I

Constitution of India : Basic Features; Fundamental Rights and Duties; Directive Principles of State Policy; Federalism, Constitutional Review;

Unit II

Structure and Functioning of the Union Executive, Legislature and Judiciary; Bureaucracy, Politics and Corruption;

Unit III

Nature of Indian Democracy, Process of Indian Democracy, Socio-economic determinants of Indian Democracy: caste, religion, region and Poverty.

Unit IV

Emerging trends in State Politics; Demand for state autonomy, working of coalition Governments; Electoral politics in India; Defects and Reforms of the electoral process.

Unit V

Civil Society, Subaltern politics, Social Movements, Major Pressure Groups : trade unions, Chambers of Commerce, peasant groups, human rights and environment movements. Issues of Transparency and Accountability: Right to Information.

Suggested Readings :

1. G. Austin, *The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1966.
2. _____, *Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
3. D.D. Basu, *An Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.
4. C.P. Bhambri, *The Indian State: Fifty Years*, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
5. K.R. Bombwall, *The Foundations of Indian Federalism*, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
6. A.H. Hanson and J. Douglas, *India's Democracy*, Delhi, Vikas, 1972.
7. N.G. Jayal (ed.), *Democracy in India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
8. I. Jennings, *Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution*, London, Oxford University Press, 1953.

9. A. Kohli, *Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
10. R. Kothari, *Caste and Politics in India*, New Delhi, Orient Longmans, 1970.
11. J. Manor (ed.), *Nehru to the Nineties: The Changing Office of the Prime Minister in India*, Delhi, Viking, 1994.
12. W.H. Morris Jones, *Government and Politics in India*, Delhi, BI Publications, 1974.
13. I. Narain (ed.), *State Politics in India*, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.
14. M.V. Pylee, *Constitutional Government in India*, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1977.

Paper III : Democratic Decentralization in India

Note : The question paper shall be divided into 5 units in accordance with the course contents. Each unit will contain two questions and candidates have to answer one question from each unit. Maximum marks will be 100 and all questions will carry equal marks.

Unit I

Democratic Decentralization: Meaning and Nature; Ancient and Modern perspectives; Gandhi, Jai Prakash Narain, Ram Manohar Lohia and Vinoba Bhave.

Unit II

Indian Democracy at the Grass-roots level since Independence: rural and urban.

Unit III

A Study of the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act: Basic Features; Composition and Power of Panchayati Raj Institutions, Finances, Bureaucracy at PRI level (Special Reference to Rajasthan).

Unit IV

A Study of the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act: Basic Features; Composition and Powers of Urban Local Self Government, Finances, Bureaucracy at Urban level (Special Reference to Rajasthan).

Unit V

Experience of Local Self- Government at Rural and Urban levels.

Suggested Readings :

1. B.S. Bhargava, *Grassroots leadership: A Study of Leadership In Panchayati Raj Institutions*, Delhi, Ashish, 1979.
2. T.N. Chaturvedi (ed.), *Local Government*, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1984.
3., and R.B. Jain, *Panchayati Raj*, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1981.
4. S.N. Jha, and P.C. Mathur, *Decentralization and Local Politics*, New Delhi, Sage, 1999.
5. M. Kihlberg, *The Panchayati Raj of India: Debate in a Developing Country*, Delhi, Young Asia, 1970.
6. S. Maheswari, *Local Government in India*, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, 1996.
7. G. Mathew, *Panchayati Raj: From Legislation to Movement*, New Delhi, Concept, 1994.
8. N. Rajagopal Rao, *Panchayati Raj. A Study of Rural Local Government in India*, New Delhi, Uppal, 1992.
9. K.C. Sharma, *Leadership in Panchayati Raj*, Jaipur, Printwell, 1996.
10. S. Sharma, *Grassroot Politics and Panchayati Raj*, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1994.
11. R.V.P. Singh, *Financing of panchayati Raj Institutions*, New Delhi Deep and Deep, 1993.

Paper 4 : Dissertation

In this paper students will be required to write a dissertation on a theme related to issues of democratic decentralization. It will be of 100 marks.

B.A. HONOURS COURSE IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

General Information for Students :

1. The Courses of study for the B.A. (Honours) Examination will extend over a period of three years as an integrated course.
2. The students will be eligible to offer the course after successful completion of the 10+2 scheme.
3. Only those students who have secured 48% marks in aggregate and 50%marks in the subject will be eligible to be admitted to the course.
4. The admission to Honours course will be limited to 25 students. However, 10 students may be admitted on 'payment seats' apart from these 25.
5. For a pass at the B.A. Honours Course the prevailing University rules will apply. Division will be awarded at the end of the Third Year examination.
6. Students in the Honours course will be required to take one subsidiary subject from the available subjects along with General Hindi or General English.
7. The B.A. Honours Course in Political Science will have 12 papers i.e. 4 each in three years. Each paper will be of 100 marks and will be divided into

three sections. Section A will have 10 (2 from each Unit) questions of one mark each and the word limit will be 25 words. Section B will have 10 questions divided in 5 units, out of which students will have to attempt 5 picking 1 from each unit. The word limit will be 250 words and each question will carry 10 marks. Section C will have 4 questions out of which students will have to answer any two. The word limit will be 500 and each question will be of 20 marks.

8. Paper XII in the third year will be a dissertation which will also be of 100 marks divided into 30 marks for oral presentation and 70 marks for dissertation evaluation.

B.A. HONOURS COURSE

FIRST YEAR 2004-2005

Paper I : Basic Principles of Political Science

Unit I

Meaning, Scope and Nature of Political Science, Methodology of Political Science, Traditional and Contemporary Perspectives; Interdisciplinary approach in Political Science, Political Science and History, Economics, Sociology and Ethics.

Unit II

Concepts : Liberty, Equality, Property and Justice, Power, Authority, Legitimacy, Sovereignty and Pluralism, Law.

Unit III

Democracy and Dictatorship, Parliamentary and Presidential Systems, Unitary and Federal Systems, State and Local Government, Political Parties.

Unit IV

Nature of the State, State and Society and Government, Theories of the Origin of the State, Organs of the Government : Legislature, Executive, Judiciary, Theory of Separation of Powers, Checks and Balances.

Unit V

Constitution and Constitutionalism, Electorate and Representation, Public Opinion, Citizenship, Rights and Duties, Revolution : Theories and Types.

Suggested Readings :

1. Sir, E. Barker, *Principles of Social and Political Theory*, Calcutta, Oxford University Press, 1976.
2. A. Brecht, *Political Theory: The Foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought*, Bombay, The Time of India Press, 1965.
3. R. Dahl, *Modern Political Analysis*, Englewood, Cliffs, NJ, Prentice Hall, 1963.
4. B. Goodwin, *Using Political Ideas*, Chicester, John Wiley and Sons, 1992.
5. D. Held, *Models of Democracy*, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1987.
6. P. Kennedy, *The Rise and Fall of the Great Powers: Economic Change and Military Conflict from 1500-2000*, London, Fontana, 1988.
7. R.M. MacIver, *The Modern State*, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1926.
8. R. Plant, *Modern Political Thought*, Oxford, Blackwell, 1991.
9. R.M. Titmuss, *Essays on the Welfare State*, London, George Allen and Unwin, 1956.

Paper II : Political Ideologies

Unit I

Political Ideology: Meaning, Nature and Scope, Liberalism, Utilitarianism and Idealism, Individualism.

Unit II

Totalitarianism, Nazism, Fascism, Anarchism.

Unit III

Socialism, Syndicalism, Guild Socialism, Fabianism, Marxism.

Unit IV

Nationalism, Imperialism, Colonialism, Neo-colonialism,.

Unit V

Gandhism, Radical Humanism, Confucianism, Internationalism.

Suggested Readings :

1. L.P. Baradat, *Political Ideologies: Their Origins and Impact*, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1989.
2. D. Bell, *The End of Ideology*, New York, The Free Press, 1960.
3. E. Gellner, *Nations and Nationalism*; Oxford, Blackwell, 1983.

4. J. Gray, *Liberalisms: Essays in Political Philosophy*, London, Routledge, 1989.'
5. M. Harrington, *Socialism: Past and After*, New York, Arcade, 1989.
6. W. Kymlicka, *Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction*, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1990.
7. R.C. Macridis, *Contemporary Political Ideologies: Movements and Regimes*, New York, Harper Collins, 1992.
8. R. Mostafa, *Comparative Political Ideologies*, New York, St. Martin's Press, 1984.
9. R. Plant, *Modern Political Thought*, Cambridge, Basil Blackwell, 1991.
10. G.H. Sabine, *A History of Political Theory*, revised by T.L. Thorson, New Delhi, Oxford and IBH, 1973.
11. G. Woodcock, *Anarchism*, Harmondsworth, Penguins, 1963.

Paper III : Representative Western Political Thinkers

Unit I

Greek Political Thought: Basic Features; Plato: Ideal State, Justice, Communism, Philosopher King; Aristotle: Scientific Method, Classification of States, Revolution, Slavery.

Unit II

Roman Political Thought: Basic Features Cicero, Two Swords theory, St. Thomas Aquinas, Marsilio of Padua.

Unit III

The Conciliar Theory, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.

Unit IV

Bentham, J.S. Mill, Hegel, Green, Karl Marx,.

Unit V

H.J. Laski, Lenin, Mao, Gramsci.

Suggested Readings :

1. Sir, E. Barker, *The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle*, New York, Dover Publications, 1959.
2. R.N. Berki, *The History of Political Thought: A Short Introduction*, London, Dent, 1977.

3. J.H. Burns (Ed.), *The Cambridge History of Political Thought, 1450-1700*. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
4. G. Catlin, *A History Of Political Philosophers*, London, George Allen and Unwin, 1950.
5. M. Cranston, (ed.), *Western Political Philosophers*, London, Fontana, 1964.
6. W. Ebenstein, *Great Political Thinkers*, New Delhi, Oxford and IBH, 1969.
7. R.G. Gettel, *History of Political Thought*, New York, Novell. and Co, 1924.
8. C.B. Macpherson, *The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism: Hobbes to Locke*, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1973.
9. C.C. Maxey, *Political Philosophies*, New York, Macmillan, 1948.
10. S. Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy, *A. History of Political Thought: Plato to Marx*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1999.
11. G.H. Sabine, *History of Political Theory*, 4th edn., revised by T.L. Thorson, New Delhi, Oxford and IBH, 1973.
12. M.W. Sibley, *Political Ideas and Ideologies*, New Delhi, Surjeet Publications, 1981.
13. C.E. Vaughan, *Studies in the History of Political Philosophy before and after Rousseau*, Manchester UK, University of Manchester Press, 1925.

Paper IV : Representative Indian Political Thinkers

Unit I : Manu, Kautilya, Shanti Parva.

Unit II : Dayanand Saraswati, Vivekananda, Ram Mohan Roy.

Unit III : Tilak, Gokhale, Aurobindo.

Unit IV : Gandhi, M.N. Roy, B.R. Ambedkar.

Unit V : R.M. Lohia, Acharya Narendra Dev, J.P. Narayan.

Suggested Readings :

1. A.S. Altekar, *State and Government in Ancient India*, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass, 1966.
2. A. Appadorai, *Documents on Political Thought in Modern India*, 2 vols. Bombay, Oxford University Press, 1970.
3. B. Chandra, *Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India*, Delhi, Vikas, 1979.
4. T. de Bary, *Sources of Indian Tradition*, New York, Columbia University Press, 1958.
5. S. Ghose, *Modern India Political Thought*, Delhi, Allied, 1984.
6. K.P. Jayaswal, *Hindu Polity*, Calcutta, Butterworth, 1924.

7. K.P. Karunakaran, *Modern Indian Political Tradition*, New Delhi Allied Publishers, 1962.
8. V.R. Mehta, *Foundations of Indian Political Thought*, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
9. G. Omvedt, *Dalits and the Democratic Revolution: Dr. Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement in Colonial India*, New Delhi, Sage, 1994.
10. T. Pantham, and K. Deustch (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India*, New Delhi, Sage, 1986.
11. J. Sarkar, *India through the Ages: A Survey of the Growth of Indian Life and Thought*, Calcutta, M.C., Sarkar and Sons, 1928.
12. V.P. Verma, *Studies in Hindu Political Thought and its Metaphysical Foundations*, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass, 1974.

SECOND YEAR : 2005-2006

Paper V : Indian Freedom Movement and Constitutional Development

Unit I

Nature of British Colonialism in India. Revolt of 1857, Socio-Religious Reform Movements and their contribution in national awakening, Growth of Political Consciousness;

Unit II

Genesis of Indian National Congress, Moderates, Extremism, Revolutionary Nationalists, Partition of Bengal, Rise of Communal Politics, Morley-Minto Reforms (1907). Act of 1909: Basic features.

Unit III

The Home Rule Movement : Lucknow Pact, Montague-Chelmsford Reforms (1907), Act of 1919: Basic Features, Dyarchy, Khilafat and Non-cooperation Movement, Swaraj Party.

Unit IV

Simon Commission, Nehru Report, Civil Disobedience Movement, Macdonald Award and the Poona Pact, Gandhi-Irwin Pact, Round Table Conference; Act of 1935: Basic Features, Provincial Autonomy.

Unit V

Cripps Mission, Quit India Movement, Naval Mutiny, the Indian National Army, Mass Movements, Cabinet Mission, Wavell Plan, Mountbatten Plan, Indian Independence Act 1947; Partition of India.

Suggested Readings :

1. Vipin Chandra, Tripathi and Vasudev. Freedom Struggle.
2. C.F. Andrews & C. Mukharjee. The rise and growth of Congress in India.
3. D.R. Pattobhi Sitaramaya. History of Indian National Congress, Vol. I & II.
4. S.V. Sarkar : Modern India.

Paper VI : Government and Politics of India

Unit I

Framing of Indian Constitution and its sources, Basic Features, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy; Constitutional Amendment.

Unit II

Union Government: President, Prime Minister, Cabinet, Parliament and its working; State Government : Governor, Chief Minister, State Legislature.

Unit III

Nature of Indian Federal System, Centre-State Relations, Supreme Court and the Constitutional process; Judicial Activism; Judicial Reforms, Panchayati Raj Institutions.

Unit IV

Political Parties: National and Regional, Election Commission and Electoral Reforms, Electoral Behaviour, Dynamics of State Politics, Pressure Groups.

Unit V

Problems of Nation- Building and Integration, Caste, Religion, Language, Poverty-alleviation, Gender and Class.

Suggested Readings :

1. G. Austin, *The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1966.
2. _____, *Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
3. D.D. Basu, *An Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.
4. C.P. Bhambri, *The Indian State: Fifty Years*, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
5. K.R. Bombwall, *The Foundations of Indian Federalism*, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
6. A.H. Hanson and J. Douglas, *India's Democracy*, Delhi, Vikas, 1972.
7. N.G. Jayal (ed.), *Democracy in India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
8. I. Jennings, *Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution*, London, Oxford University Press, 1953.
9. A. Kohli, *Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
10. R. Kothari, *Caste and Politics in India*, New Delhi, Orient Longmans, 1970.
11. J. Manor (ed.), *Nehru to the Nineties: The Changing Office of the Prime Minister in India*, Delhi, Viking, 1994.
12. W.H. Morris Jones, *Government and Politics in India*, Delhi, BI Publications, 1974.
13. I. Narain (ed.), *State Politics in India*, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.
14. M.V. Pylee, *Constitutional Government in India*, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1977.

Paper VII : Modern Constitutions : UK, USA, Japan, France and Switzerland

Unit I

Political System in the United Kingdom: Salient features, Conventions, King and the Crown, Prime Minister and the Cabinet, Bureaucracy and Delegated Legislation, Parliament, Judicial System, Party System.

Unit II

Constitution of the USA : Salient Features, Separation of Powers and Checks and Balances, Federal System, President, Congress, Supreme Court and Judicial Review, Party System;

Unit III

Salient Features, Federalism, Federal Assembly, Federal Council, Federal Judiciary, Direct Democracy, Rights and Duties of citizens.

Unit IV

Constitution of Japan: Salient Features, Emperor, Prime Minister and Cabinet, Diet, Judiciary, Rights and duties of Citizens, Political Parties.

Unit V

Constitution of France : (The Fifth Republic) : Salient Features, President, Council of Ministers, Parliament , Judicial System, Rights of Citizens, Party System.

Suggested Readings :

1. W. Bagehot, *The English Constitution*, London, Fontana, 1963.
2. J. Bryce, *Modern Democracies* Vol.2, New York, Macmillan, 1921.
3. H. Finer, *Theory and Practice of Modern Government*, London, Methuen, 1969.
4. J. Flammang and *et al.*, *American Politics in a Changing World*, Pacific Groove California, Brooks/Cole, 1990.
5. H. Kerr. Jr., *Switzerland: Social Cleavages and Partisan and Conflict*. Beverly Hills, California, Sage Publications, 1976.
6. H.J. Laski, *American Democracy : A commentary and An Interpretation*, London, Unwin, 1948.
7. J. Loughlin and S. Mazey, *The End of the French Unitary State*, London, Frank Cass, 1995.
8. R.C. Macridis, *Modern European Governments: Cases in Comparative Policy-Making*, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1968.
9. R. Maddex, *Constitutions of the World*, 2nd edn., Washington DC and London, CQ Press, 2000.
10. T Munro, *The Governments of Europe*, New York, Macmillan, 1963.
11. F.A. Ogg and Zink, *Modern Foreign Governments*, New York, Macmillan, 1964.
12. K.C. Wheare, *Federal Government*, 4th edn., Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, 1963.

Paper VIII : Comparative Government and Politics

Unit I

Evolution of Comparative Politics as a discipline : Nature and scope; Behaviouralism and Post -Behaviouralism, Approaches to the study of Comparative politics : traditional, structural- functional, systems and Marxist;

Unit II

Constitutionalism, Classification of Governments, Bureaucracy: types and roles; Theories of Party System: Lenin, Michaels and Duverger; Political elite and elite theory of democracy;

Unit III

Political process and change, Political Socialisation, Political Culture, Political Modernization, Political Development and decay; Political Communication.

Unit IV

Dependency : Development and under-Development; Non-western political process, constitutional and political problems affecting Afro-Asian Societies;

Unit V

Civil Society, the Military and Mafia, Terrorism, Retreat of State : Privatization and Globalization, Human Rights.

Suggested Readings :

1. G. Almond, Harper/Collins, *et al.*, *Comparative Politics Today: A World View*, 7th edn., New York, London, 2000.
2. J.A. Bill and R. Hardgrave, *Comparative Politics: The Quest for Theory*, Columbus, Merrill, 1973.
3. J. Blondel, *An Introduction to Comparative Government*, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1969.
4. H. Eckstein, and D.E. Apter (eds.), *Comparative Politics: A Reader*, New York, The Free Press, 1963.
5. D. Farrell, *Electoral Systems: A Comparative Introduction*, Palgrave, Macmillan, 2001.
6. H. Finer, *Comparative Government*, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1974.
7. H. Keman (ed.), *Comparative Politics: New Directions in Theory and Method*, Amsterdam, VU University Press, 1993.
8. H.J. Laski, *American Democracy: A Commentary and An Interpretation*, London, Unwin, 1948.
9. A Lijphart, *Electoral Systems and Party System*, New Haven CT, Yale University Press, 1994.
10. D. Olson, *Legislative Institutions: A Comparative View*, Armonk, N Y, M.E. Sharpe, 1994.
11. V. Wright, *Government and Politics of France*, 3rd edn., London, Unwin Hyman, 1989.

THIRD YEAR 2006-2007

Paper IX : Public Administration

Unit I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Administration, Importance and relevance of Public Administration in a democratic State; Public and Private Administration;

Unit II

Organisation Theory : Old and New, Principles of Organisation, Line Staff Relationship, Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Forms and Types of organisation.

Unit III

Bureaucracy : Theories, Types and Roles : Max Weber and his critics, Civil Servant-Minister relationship; Personnel Administration: Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Discipline.

Unit IV

New Public Administration, Decision-making, Administrative leadership, Communication, Management of Public Enterprise, Financial Administration: Budget and audit.

Unit V

Good Governance, Problem of Corruption: Transparency and accountability, Right to Information; Grievance redressal institutions: Ombudsman, Lokpal and Lokayukta.

Suggested Readings :

1. P.H. Appleby, *Policy and Administration, Alabama University of Alabama Press, 1957.*
2. R.K. Arora, *Comparative Public Administration, New Delhi, Asia Publishing House, 1972.*
3. A. Avasthi and S.R. Maheswari, *Public Administration, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Aggarwal, 1996.*
4. M. Bhattacharya, *Public Administration: Structure, Process and Behaviour, Calcutta, The World Press, 1991.*
5. G.E. Caiden, *Dynamics of Public Administration: Guidelines to current Transformation in Theory and Practice, New York, Holt, 1971.*
6. R.T. Golembeewski, *Public Administration as a Developing Discipline: Perspectives on Past, Present and Futures, New York, Marcel Dekker, 1977.*
7. R.B. Jain, *Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration New Delhi, Vishal, 1976.*
8. F.A. Nigro and G.L. Nigro, *Modern Public Administration, New York, Harper Row, 1980.*
9. J. Perry, *Handbook of Public Administration, San Francisco, Jossey-Bass, 1989.*
10. H. Singh, and M. Singh, *Public Administration in India: Theory and Practice, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 1990.*
11. J.Q. Wilson, *Bureaucracy: What Government Does and Why They Do it? New York, Basic Books, 1989.*

Paper X : International Relations

Unit I

Basic features of International Relations after World War II; Cold War and Détente, Nonaligned Movement, End of Cold War and Post-Cold War World.

Unit II

Political economy of international relations; New International Economic Order, North-South Dialogue, South-South Cooperation, WTO, Regionalism, ASEAN, SAARC, European Union;

Unit III

United Nations: aims, objectives, structure, Evaluation of the working of the UNO, Charter Revision, Disarmament, NPT, SALT, START, INFT, CTBT.

Unit IV

Foreign Policy of the USA, PRC, Russia vis a vis each other, South Asia, South east Asia, West Asia and Europe.

Unit V

Major issues in contemporary International Relations; Globalization and Liberalization, Environmental concerns, Human Rights, Terrorism, Democratic Expansion.

Suggested Readings :

1. C. Brown, *International Relations Theory*, London, Harvester Wheatsheaf.
2. S. Burchill *et al.*, *Theories of International Relations*, Hampshire, Macmillan, 2001.
3. E.H. Carr, *The Twenty Year Crisis*, London, Macmillan, 1939.
4. A.A. Coulombis and J.H. Wolf, *Introduction to International Relations: Power and Justice*, New York, Praeger, 1989.
5. J.E. Dougherty and R.L. Pfaltzraff, Jr., *Contending Theories of International Relations*, Philadelphia, J.B. Lippincott Co., 1970.
6. J.E. Frankel, *Contemporary International Theory and the behaviour of States*, New York, Oxford University Press, 1973.
7. H.J. Morgenthau, *Politics Among Nations*, 6th edn., revised by K.W. Thompson New York, Alfred Knopf, 1985.
8. F.S. Northedge, *The International Political System*, London, Faber and Faber, 1976.
9. N.D. Palmer and H. Perkins, *International Relations*, Calcutta, Scientific Book Company, 1971.
10. J.N. Rosenau, *World Politics: An Introduction*, New York, The Free Press, 1976.
11. V. Van Dyke, *International Politics*, Bombay, Vakils, Feffer and Simons, 1969.
12. S.P. Verma, *International System and the Third World*, New Delhi, Vikas, 1988.
13. K.N. Waltz, *Theory of International Politics*, Reading Massachusetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979.

Paper XI : Foreign Policy of India

Unit I

Foreign Policy: meaning and major approaches; Principles and objectives of India's foreign policy, Determinants: internal and external; Non-alignment;

Unit II

India's policy towards major powers : USA, Soviet Union/ Russia, PRC.

Unit III

India's policy towards her neighbours: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Nepal, India and SAARC.

Unit IV

India's policy towards major regions: South east Asia, West Asia, Africa, Europe, South America, IORC.

Unit V

India's nuclear policy, India's foreign economic policy; India and the UNO; India and terrorism; Continuity and change in India's Foreign Policy.

Suggested Readings :

1. A. Appadorai, *Domestic Roots of India's Foreign Policy*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1981.
2. J. Bandhopadhyaya, *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*, Calcutta, Allied, 1979.

3. S. J. R. Bilgrami, *India and the UN*, New Delhi, Jamia, 1969.
4. R. Bradrock, *India's Foreign Policy Since 1971*, London, Royal Institute for International Affairs, 1990.
5. M. Brecher, *India and World Affairs: Krishna Menon's View of the World*, New York, The Free Press, 1968.
6. S. Chopra (ed.), *Studies in India's Foreign Policy*, Amritsar, Guru Nanak Dev University, 1980.
7. V.P. Dutt, *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World*, New Delhi, Vikas, 1999.
8. N.K. Jha (ed.), *India's foreign Policy in a Changing World*, New Delhi, south Asian Publishers, 2000.
9. S. Mansingh (ed.), *India's Foreign Policy in the 21st Century*, New Delhi, Foreign Policy Institute, 1999.
10. M.S. Rajan, *Non-alignment and the Non-alignment Movement in the Present World Order*, Delhi, Konark, 1994.
11. A.P. Rana, *Imperatives of Non-alignment: A Conceptual Study of India's Foreign Policy in the Nehru Period*, New Delhi, 1976.
12. A. Chaturvedi and S. Lodha, *Indian Foreign Policy in the Emerging World Order*, Jaipur, Printwell, 1998.

Paper XII : Dissertation

Note : All students will have to write a dissertation on any topic relating to Political Science. They will be required to make an oral presentation of the dissertation which will carry 30 marks and the dissertation will be evaluated out of 70 marks.

**Mohanlal Sukhadia University
Udaipur (Raj.)**

Syllabus

Scheme of Examination and Courses of Study

FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES



M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

Previous Examination : 2004-2005

Final Examination : 2005-2006

M.Phil. POLITICAL SCIENCE : 2004-2005

B.A. HONOURS POLITICAL SCIENCE

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Second Year : 2005-2006

Third Year : 2006-2007

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