

LL.B. (First Year) EXAMINATION, 2015

(New Scheme)

LEGAL LANGUAGE INCLUDING GENERAL

ENGLISH

Time allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Part A

1. Explain the meaning of any *four* of the following legal terms :

- (a) Estoppel
- (b) Coercion
- (c) Novation
- (d) Preamble
- (e) Intestate
- (f) Ultra vires.

2. Explain the meaning of the *four* of the following Latin

Maxims :

(a) Action personails mortiuur cum persona

(b) Consensus all idem

(c) Ignorentia legis neminem excusat

(d) nile prosequi

(e) res gestae

(f) rule nisi.

3. Make sentences using any *four* of the given pairs of

words :

(a) Anonymous and Unanimous

(b) Amiable and Amicable

(c) Elicit and Illicit

(d) Extent and Extant

(e) Reside and Rigid

(f) Wave and Waive.

4. Substitute one word for any *four* of the following :

(a) Extreme old age when one starts behaving like a child.

(b) A form of Government in which a small group of people holds all the power.

(c) One who cannot be corrected.

(d) One who knows everything.

(e) Something that is perceptible by touch is.

(f) One who believes that all events and things in life are predetermined.

5. Mark SVOCA in the following sentences :

- (a) My uncle is a doctor.
- (b) He is swimming in the river.
- (c) He is my best friend.
- (d) He gifted his wife a nice car.
- (e) One should never support any crime.

Part B

6. Write an essay on any *one* of the following topics :

- (a) Act 498 uses and misuses
- (b) Necessity of the BAR council.

7. Write a letter to your friend to congratulate him on his success in RJS examination and point him out what are your expectations from him as a Judge.

8. Translate into Hindi :

CPR was introduced as a new code of procedure at the time of its enactment in 1999. Since this time, it has evolved as being the first in a continuing program of amendments to litigation rules, of which it has played a major part.

In 1988 the Civil Justice Review (CJR) was undertaken in order to identify defects in the current civil law system. Expense, delay and complexity were named as the main problems. REF. Heilbron & Hodge (1993) agreed with the CJR and stated in their report that there was a need for a radical change of culture in the way that litigation was conducted, and that it was in urgent need of reform.

Innovations followed these reports but the problems continued. This led to Lord Woolf being appointed in

1994 to review and potentially reform the civil procedure system. He then produced two reports entitled 'Access to Justice' and these provided the foundations for the serious amendments introduced in April 1999.

9. Translate into English :

भारतीय पुलिस तंत्र परम्परागत रूप से ब्रिटिश उपनिवेशवाद की विरासत माना जाता है लेकिन विगत ढाई दशकों से वैश्वीकरण की लहर भारतीय पुलिस प्रशासन को अनेक नवीन चुनौतियों तथा समस्याओं के घेरे में कस दिया है। सामान्यतः भारतीय पुलिस राजनीतिक हस्तक्षेप, निष्ठुरता, संवेदनहीनता, अकार्यकुशलता तथा भ्रष्टाचार में रंगी हुई नकारा व्यवस्था की परिचायक रही है, उस तिस पर भी वैश्वीकरण के कारण उत्पन्न हुई नवीन चुनौतियों जैसे—आर्थिक आतंकवाद (जाली मुद्रा), साइबर अपराध, मानव देह व्यापार, महिला यौन शोषण, वित्तीय धोखाधड़ी, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय महामारियाँ तथा राजनैतिक षड्यंत्रों इत्यादि ने सुविधाहीन भारतीय पुलिस को किंकर्तव्यविमूढ़ बना दिया है।

10. Write precis of the following :

In recent centuries India has earned a place among the THREE most corrupt countries in the world.

Corruption in India is a consequence of the nexus between Bureaucracy, politics and criminals. India is now no longer considered a soft state. It has now become a consideration state where everything can be had for a consideration. Today, the number of ministers with an honest image can be counted on fingers. At one time, bribe was paid for getting wrong things done but now bribe is paid for getting right things done at right time.

It is well established that politicians are extremely corrupt the world over. In fact, people are surprised to find an honest politician. These corrupt politicians go scot-free, unharmed and unpunished. Leaders like Lal Bahadur Shastri or Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel are

a rare breed now who had very little bank balance at the time of death. The list of scams and scandals in the country is endless. Now recently before Start 2010 Common Wealth Games Corruption is playing major role with common wealth games. The Bofors payoff scandal of 1986 involved a total amount of Rs. 1,750 crore in purchase of guns from a Swedish firm for the Army. The Cement scandal of 1982 involved in Chief Minister of Maharashtra, the Sugar Scandal of 1994 involved a Union Minister of State for food, the Urea Scam and of course no one can forget Hawala Scandal of 1991, the Coffin-gate, fodder scam in Bihar or the Stamp scandal which shocked not only the political arena but the entire society.

Is it possible to contain corruption in our society ?

Corruption is a cancer, which every Indian must strive